



# **Emissions from wood, treated with copper-amine based wood preservatives - a two years exposure study**

**COST ACTION FP1303  
Kranjska Gora, 23. - 24.10.2014**

Notburga Pfabigan, Christina Fürhapper, Roland Gründlinger



# Background

- Generation of realistic leaching rates from preservative-treated wood for environmental risk assessment - BPD (98/8/EC) or BPR (EU No 528/2012) resp.
- Use Class 3 situation: 70 – 80 % of treated timber in EU is used in UC 3 (EWPM, Arona 2005)
- Realistic semi noise barrier test with additional hydrophobic timber treatment
- Leaching behaviour
  - Semi-field test
  - OECD laboratory test (CEN/TS 15119-1)

# Impregnation and assembly

- Wood species
  - Scots pine (*Pinus sylvestris*)
- Wood preservatives
  - ACQ 1 (copper, quat, boron)
  - ACQ 2 (copper, quat)
  - ACQ 2 (copper, quat) + hydrophobic finish
  - CCB (reference)
  - untreated control
- Vacuum-pressure treatment

# Semi-field test

- Results of 2 years exposure given (08/2009 – 08/2011)
- Leachates collected at HFA test field and analysed
  - at the beginning: after every (major) rain event
  - later: bulked samples
- Chemical Analysis of leachates by ICP-OES
  - Copper
  - Boron



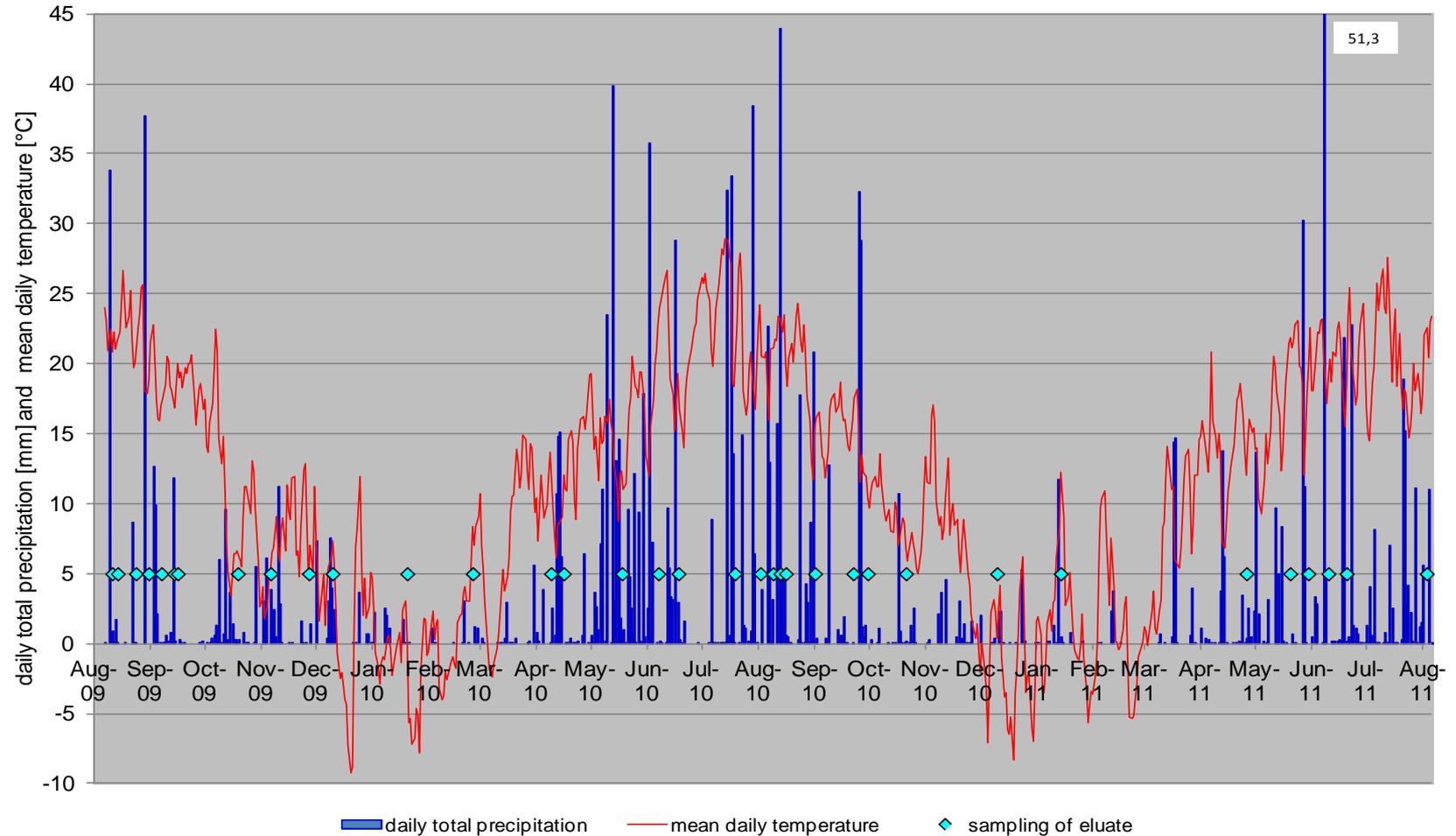
# OECD laboratory test

- According to guideline CEN/TS 15119-1:2008
- Scots pine sapwood (*Pinus sylvestris*)
- Sample size: 110 x 40 x 10 mm
- Vacuum treatment
- Leaching procedure:
  - dipping: 3 x 1 min / day
  - 9 dipping days: day 1, 3, 5, 8, 10, 12, 15, 17 and 19
  - ratio of sample surface (m<sup>2</sup>) to amount of water (m<sup>3</sup>): 40:1

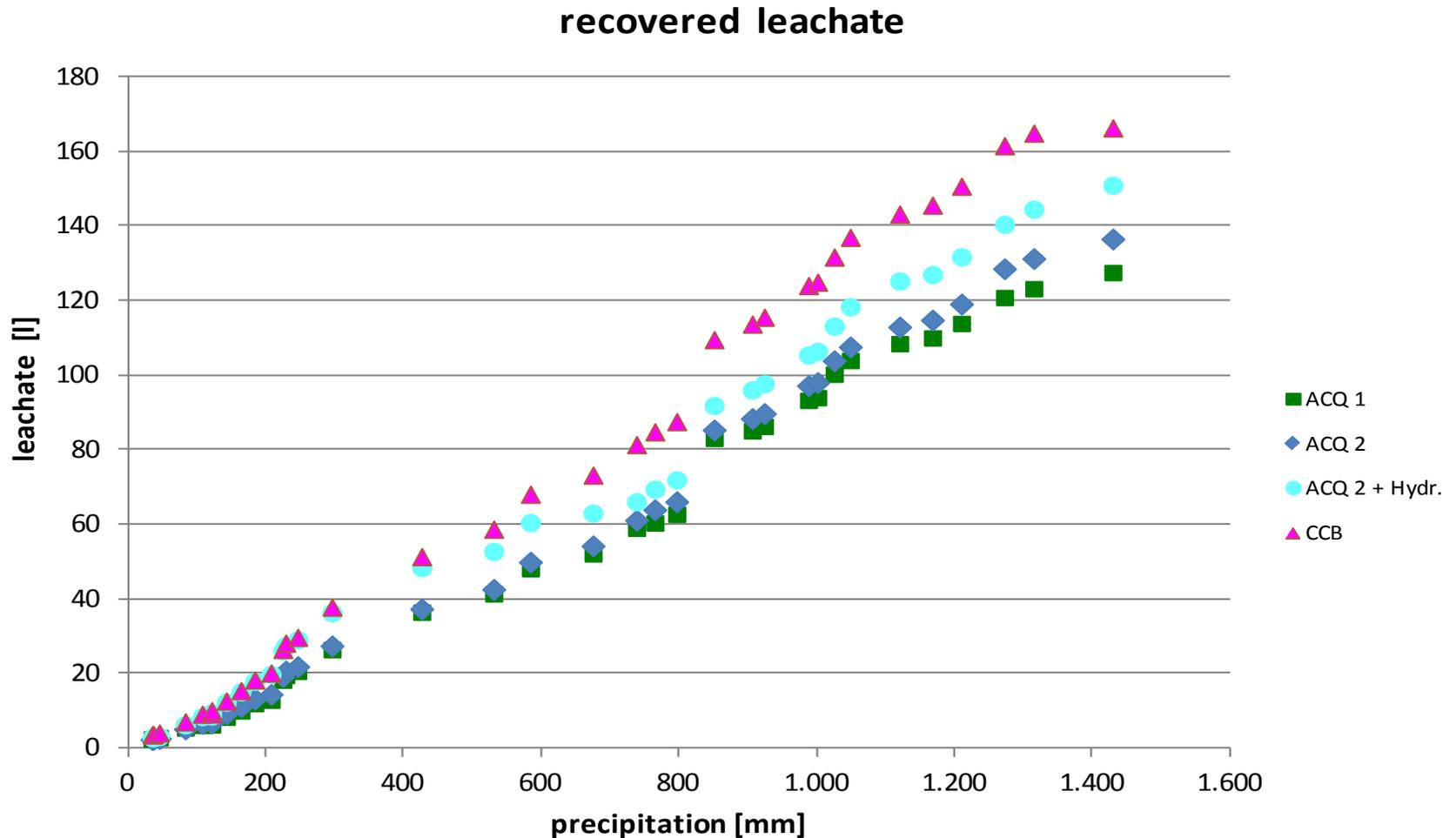


# Precipitation and temperature during 2 years of field test

daily total precipitation, mean daily temperature and date of sampling

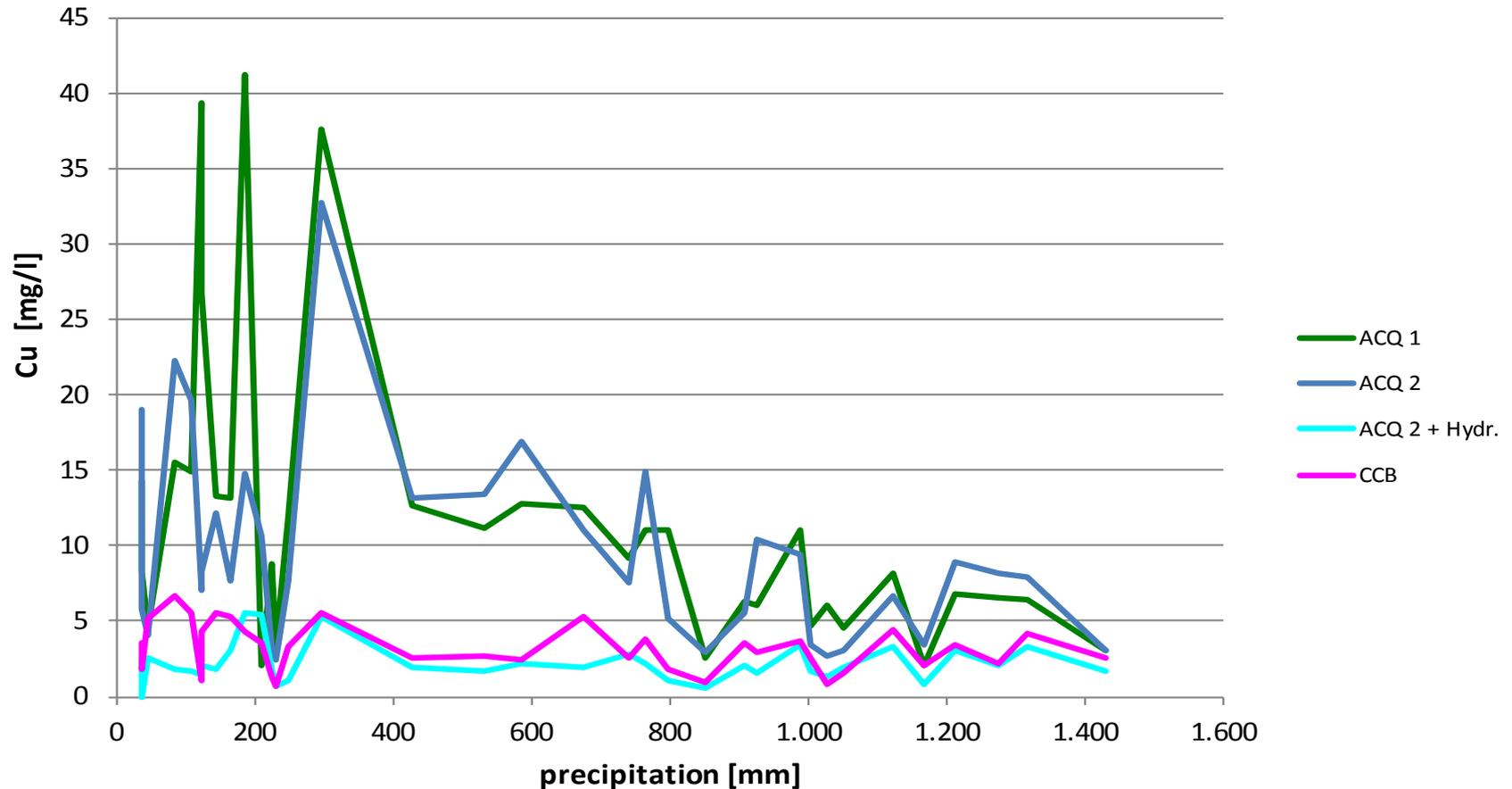


# Recovered leachate - accumulated



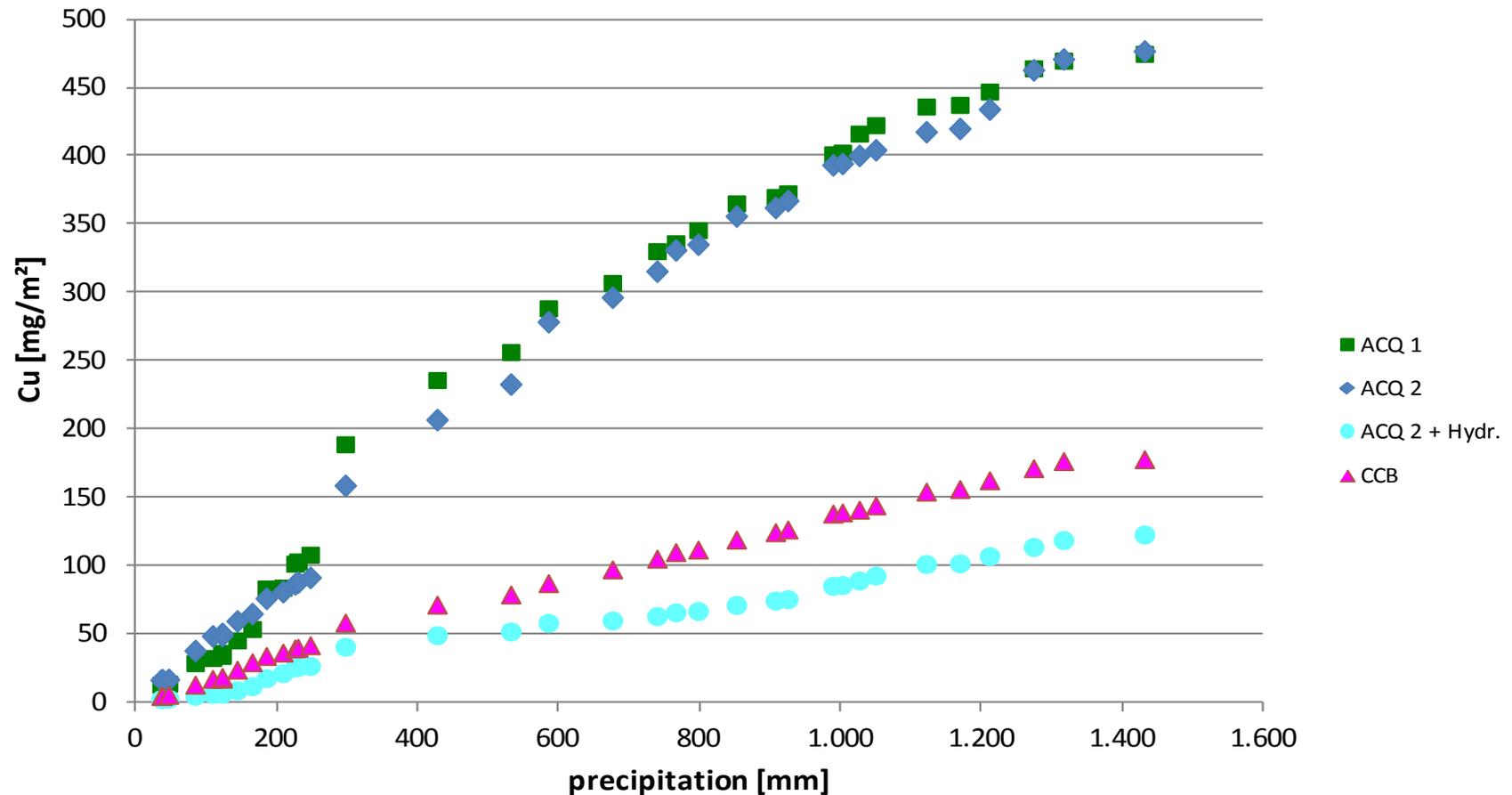
# Field test – amount of copper (mg/l) / rain event

## Cu leached as a function of accumulated rainfall



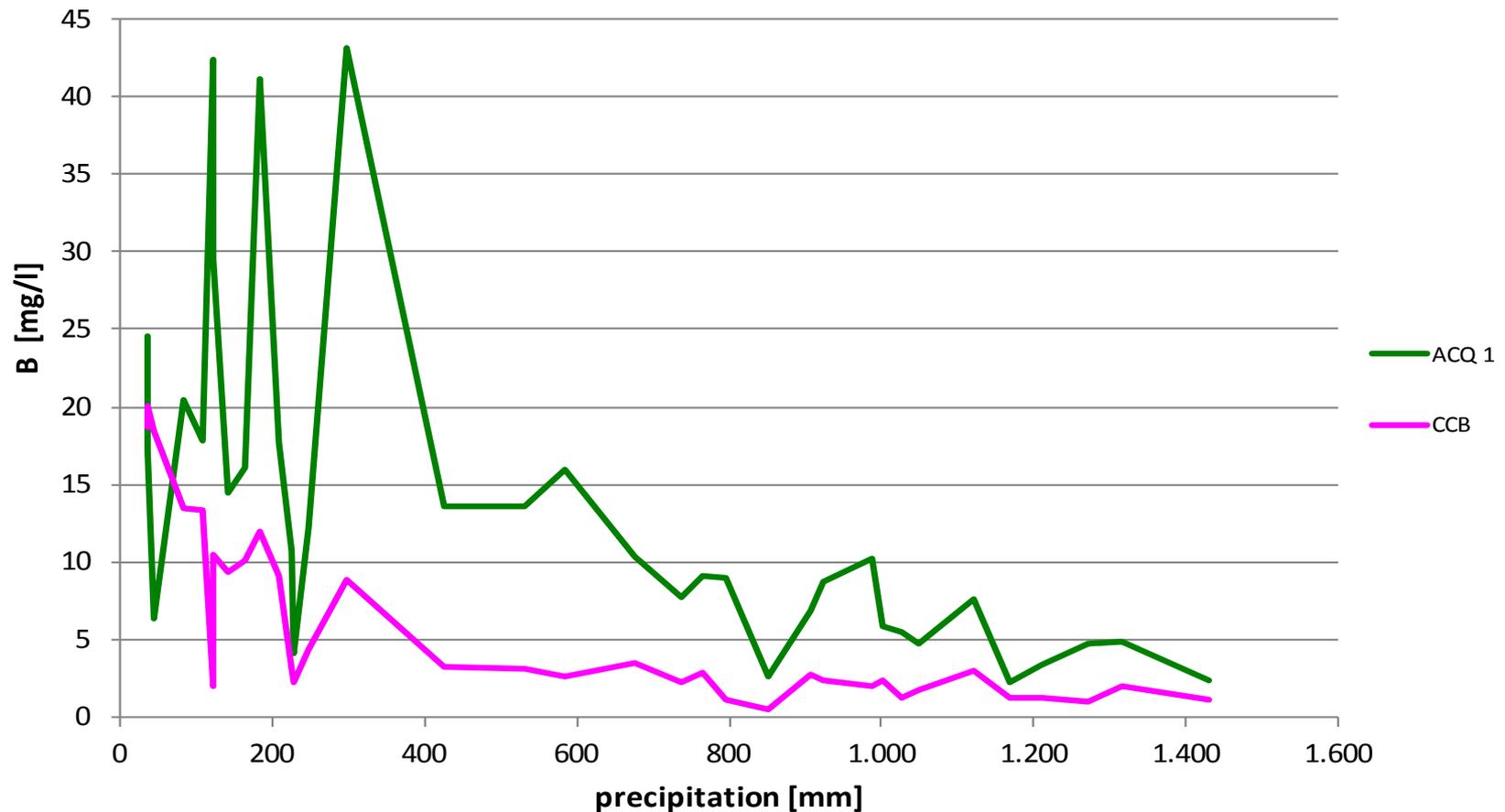
# Field test - accumulated copper leaching (mg/m<sup>2</sup>)

## Cu leached as a function of accumulated rainfall



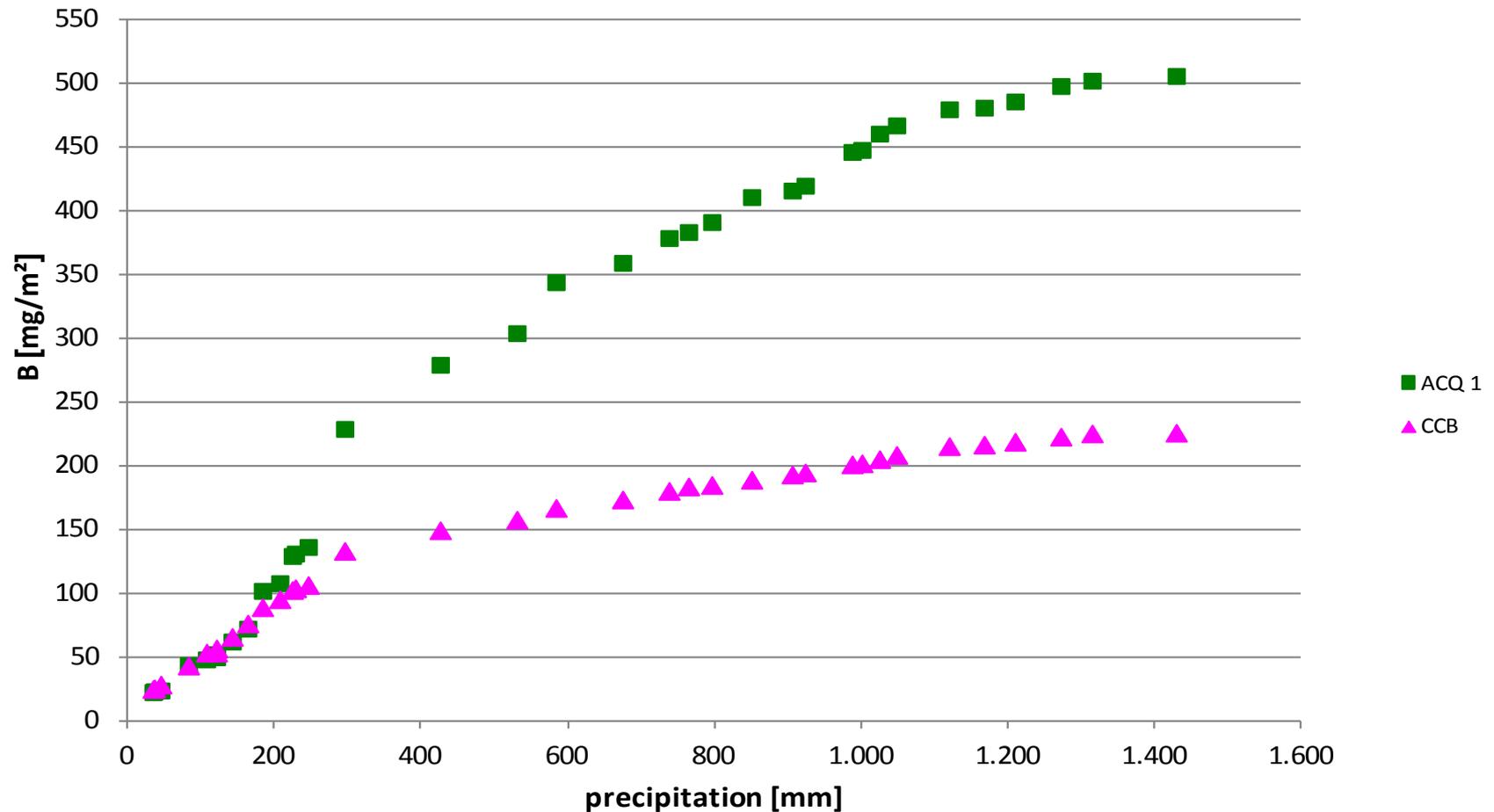
# Field test - amount of boron (mg/l) / rain event

## B leached as a function of accumulated rainfall



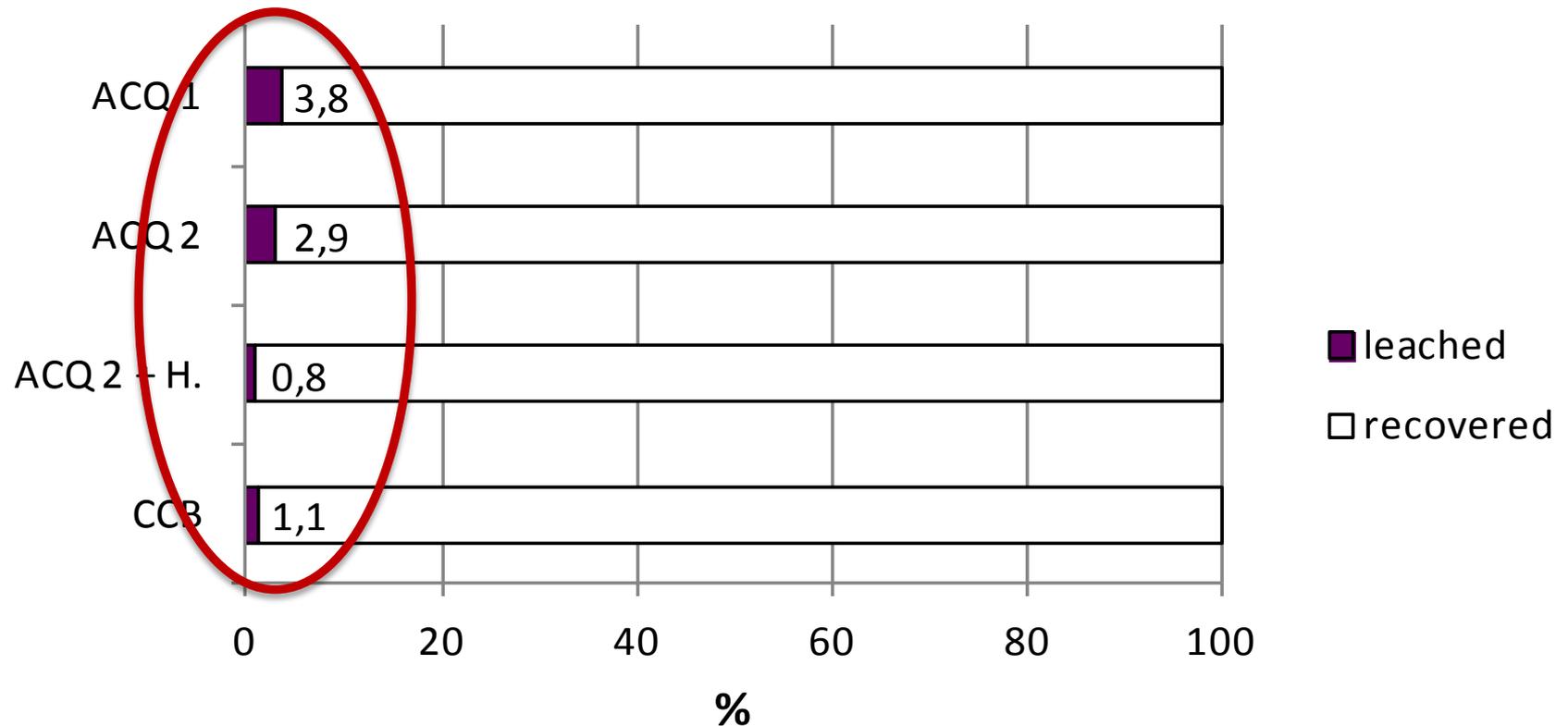
# Field test – accumulated boron leaching ( $\text{mg}/\text{m}^2$ )

## B leached as a function of accumulated rainfall

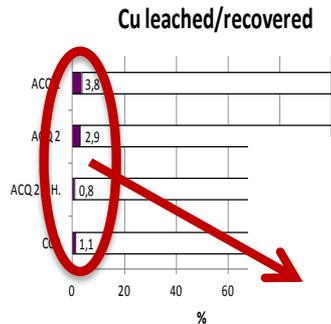


# Field test – copper leached (%) in 2 years of outdoor exposure

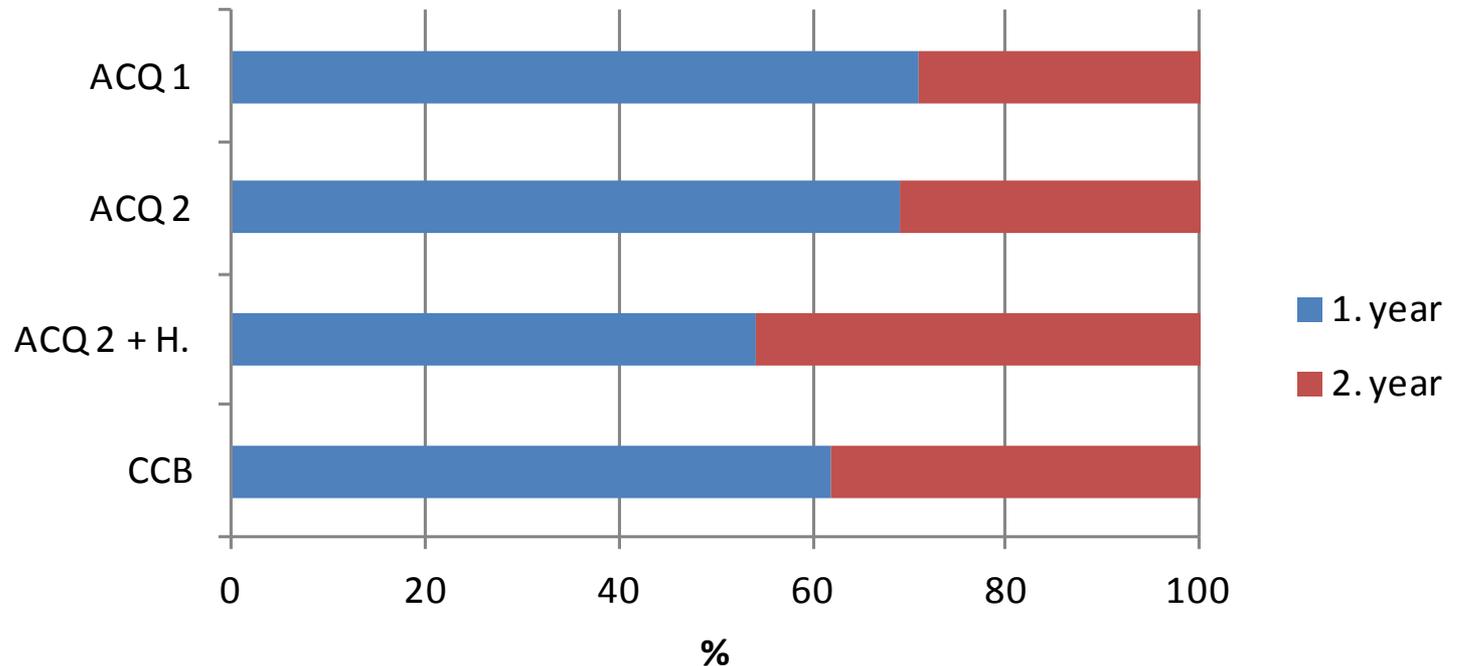
## Cu leached/recovered



# Field test – copper leached (%) in 1. and 2. year of exposure

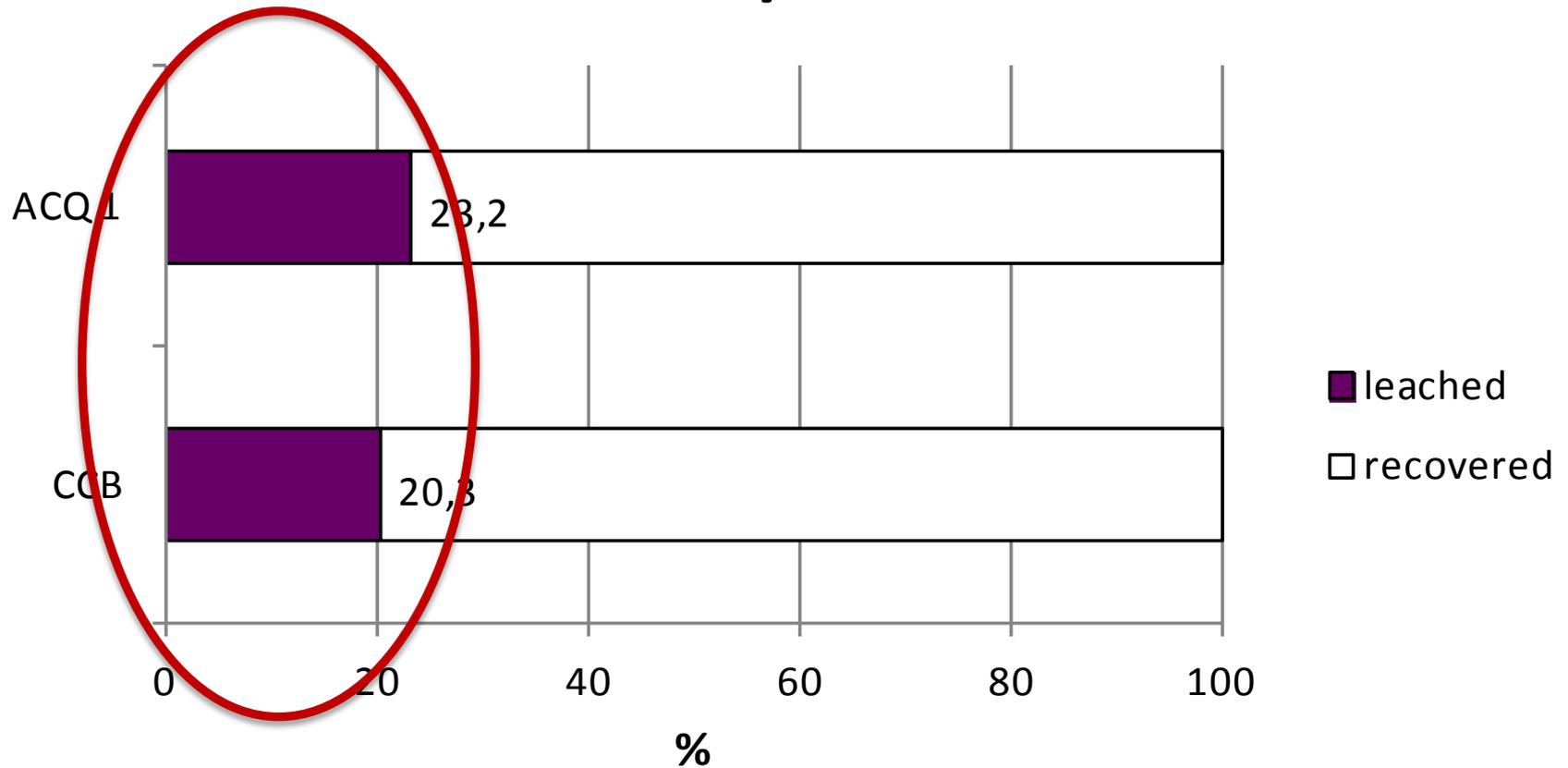


## Cu leached in 1. and 2. year

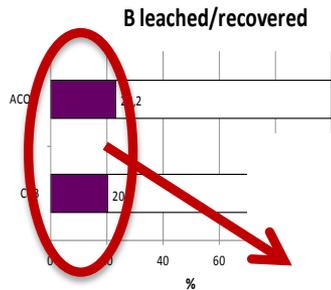


# Field test – boron leached (%) in 2 years of outdoor exposure

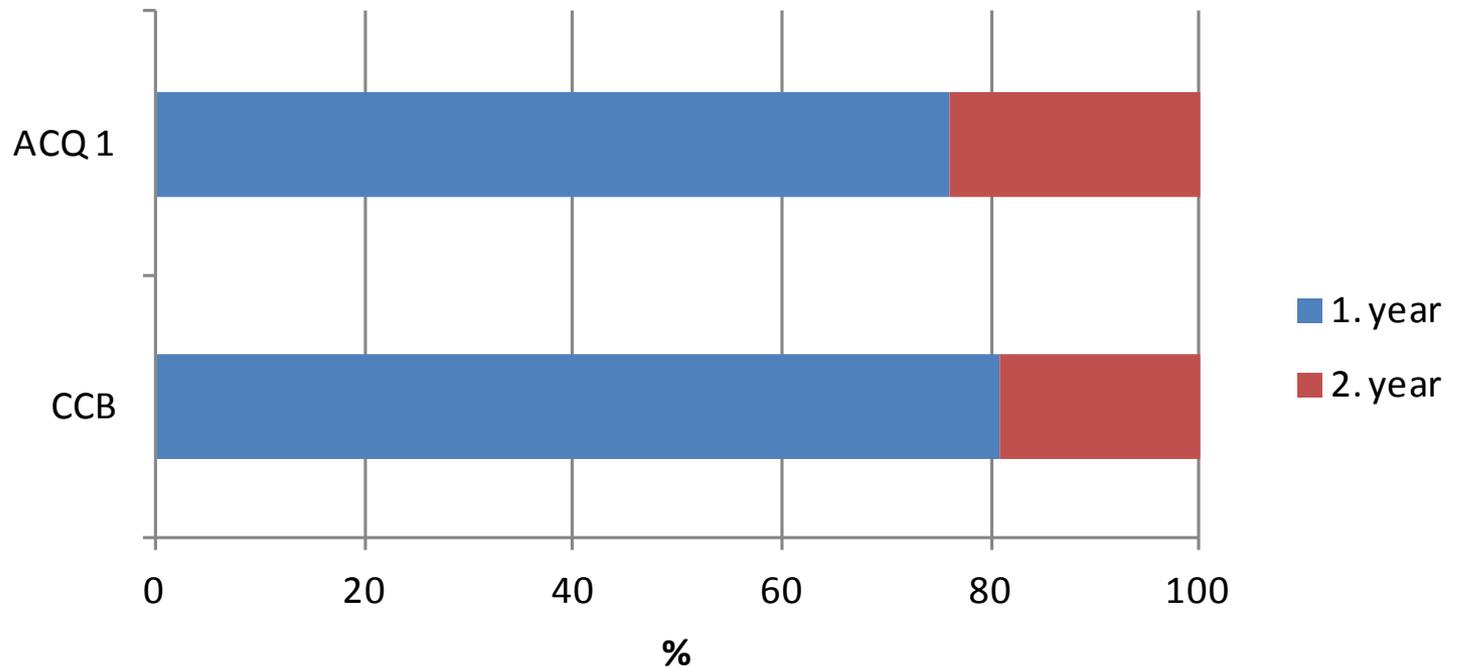
## B leached/recovered



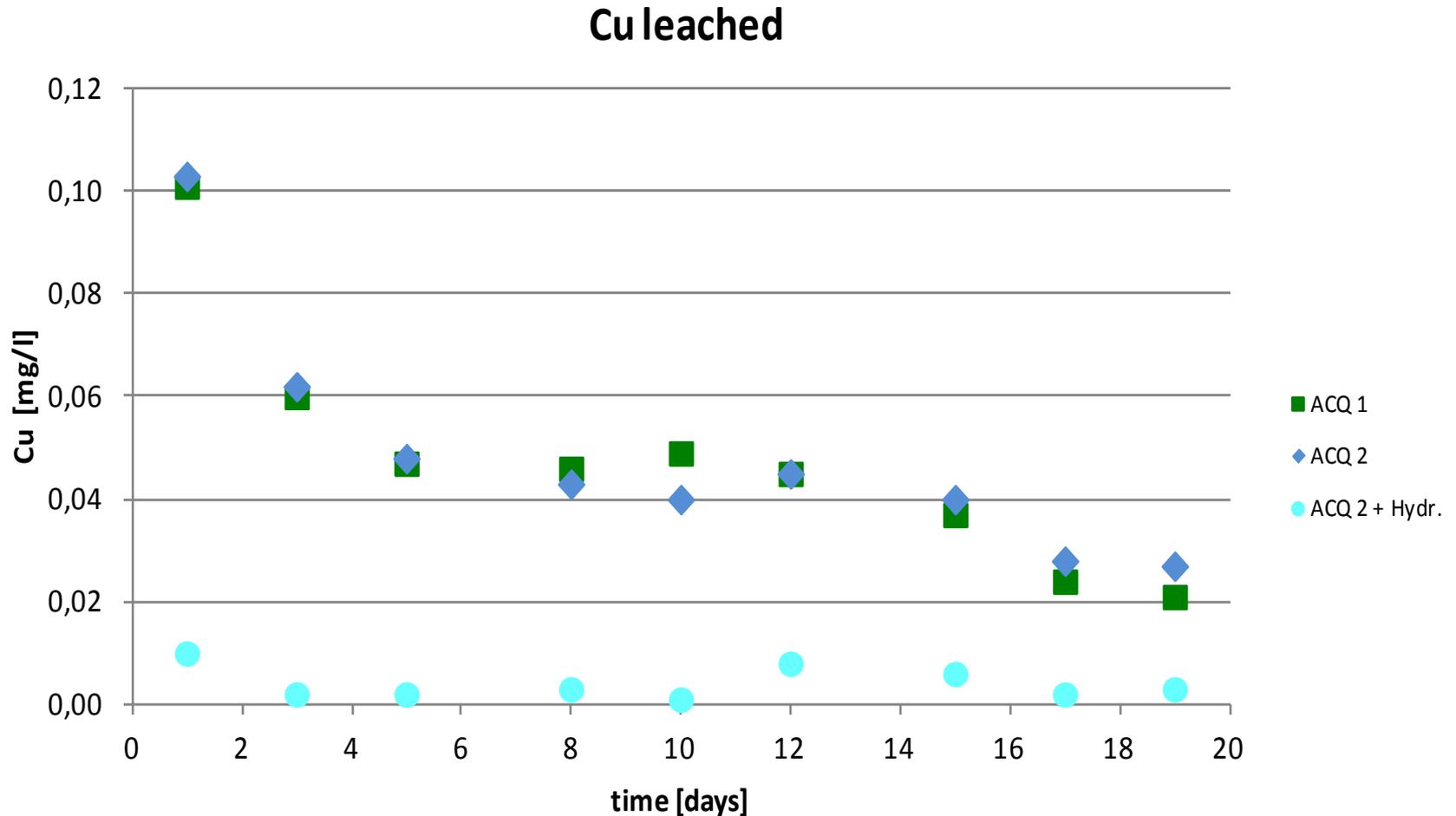
# Field test – boron leached (%) in 1. and 2. year of exposure



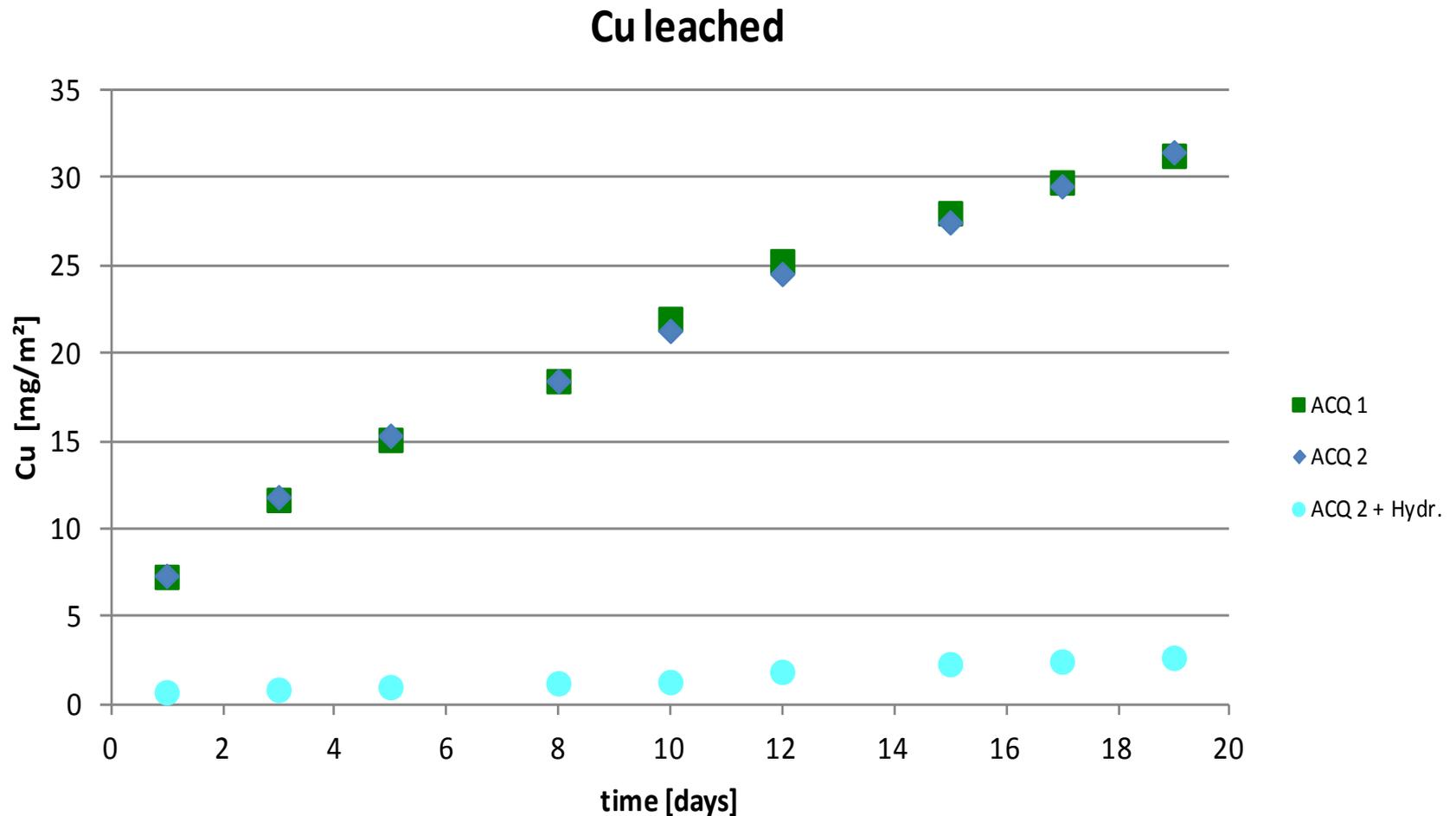
## B leached in 1. and 2. year



# Laboratory test – copper leached (mg/l) / leaching day

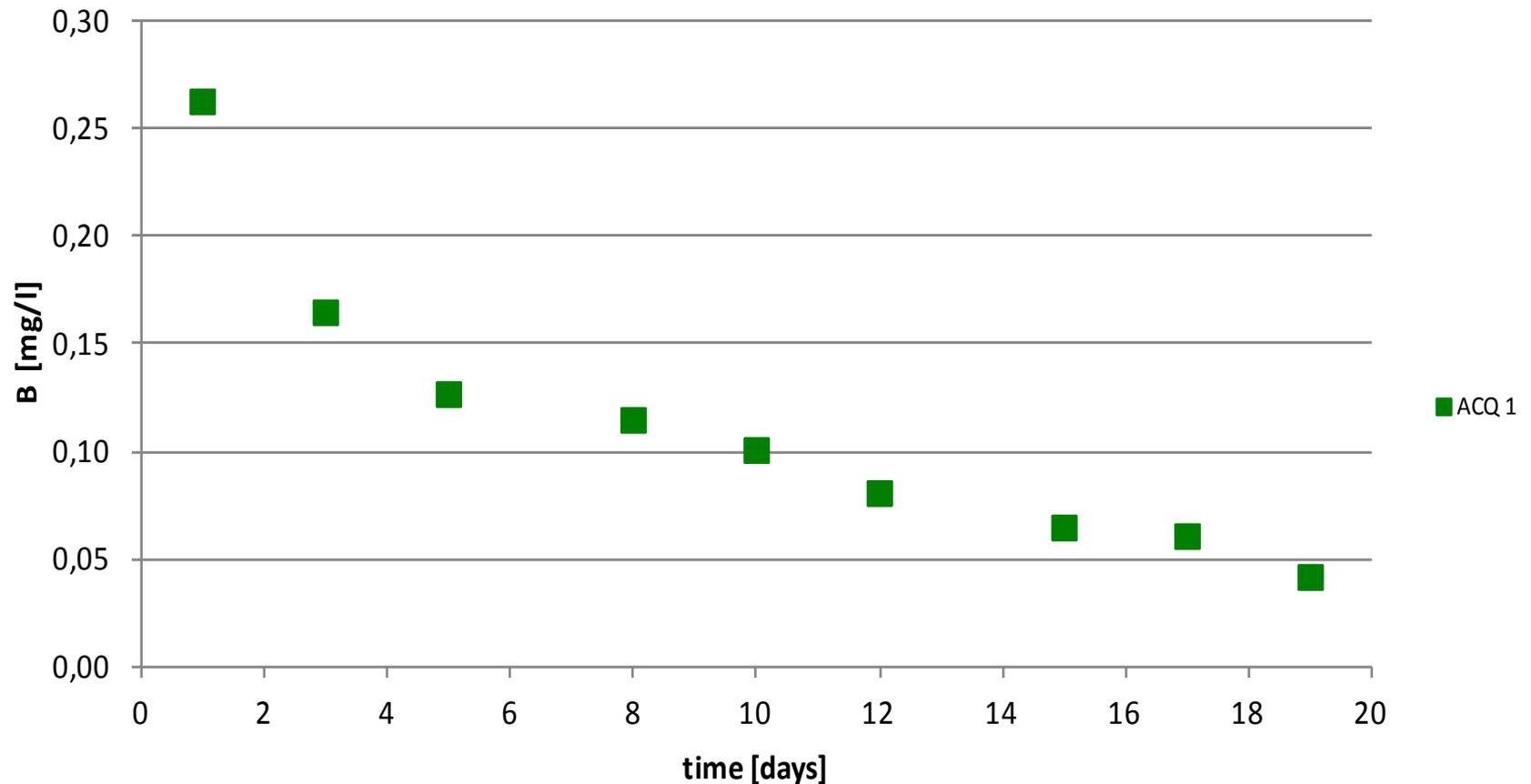


# Laboratory test – accumulated copper leaching ( $\text{mg}/\text{m}^2$ )

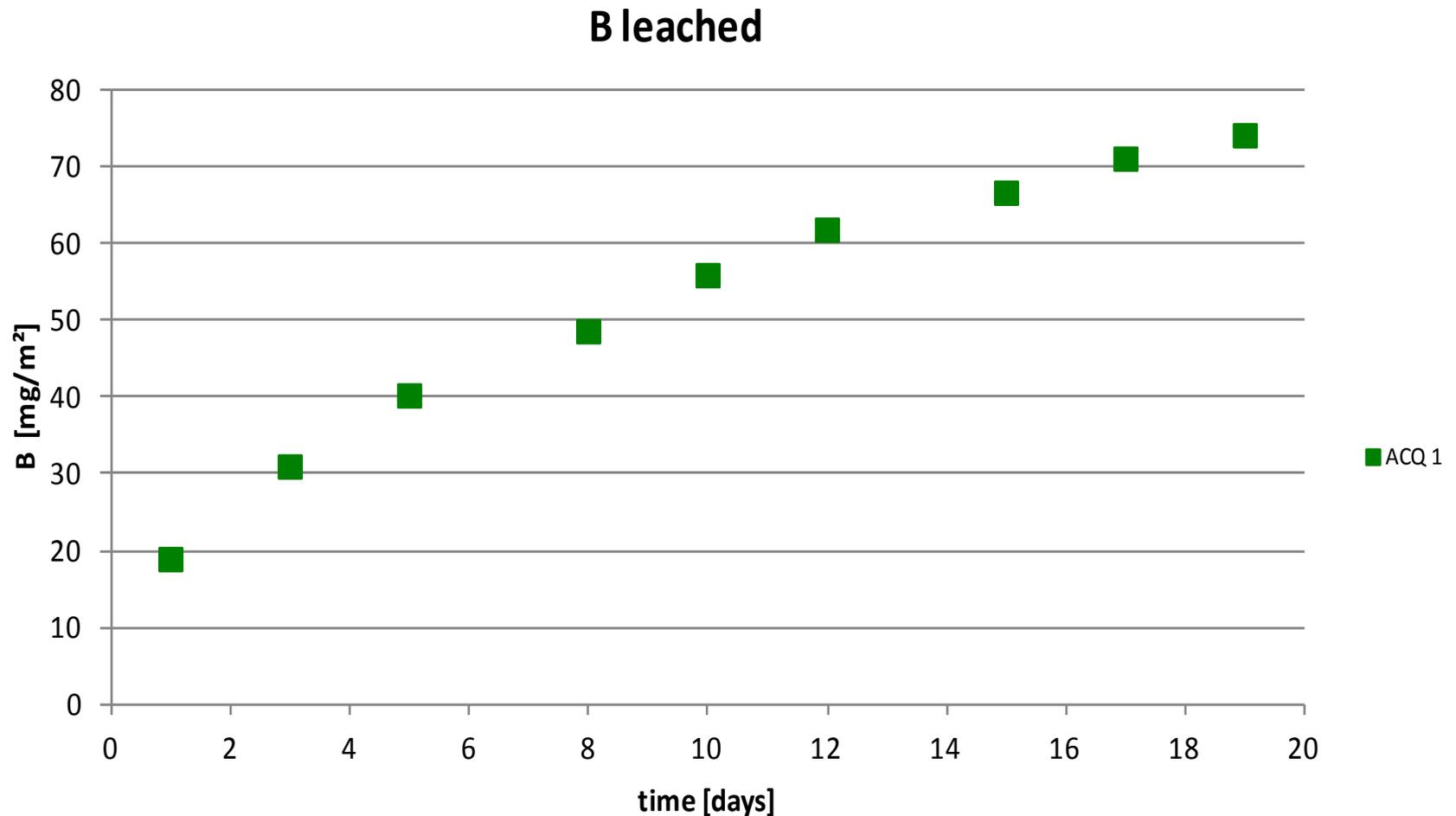


# Laboratory test – boron leached (mg/l) / leaching day

B leached

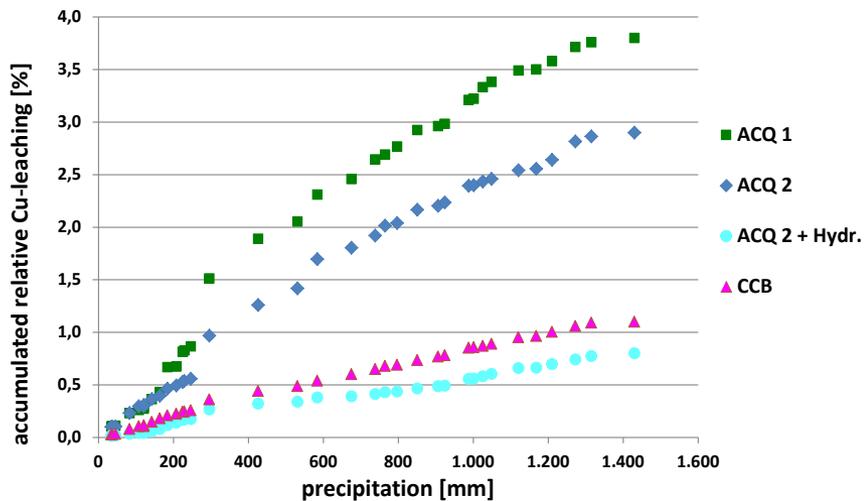


# Laboratory – accumulated boron leaching (mg/m<sup>2</sup>)

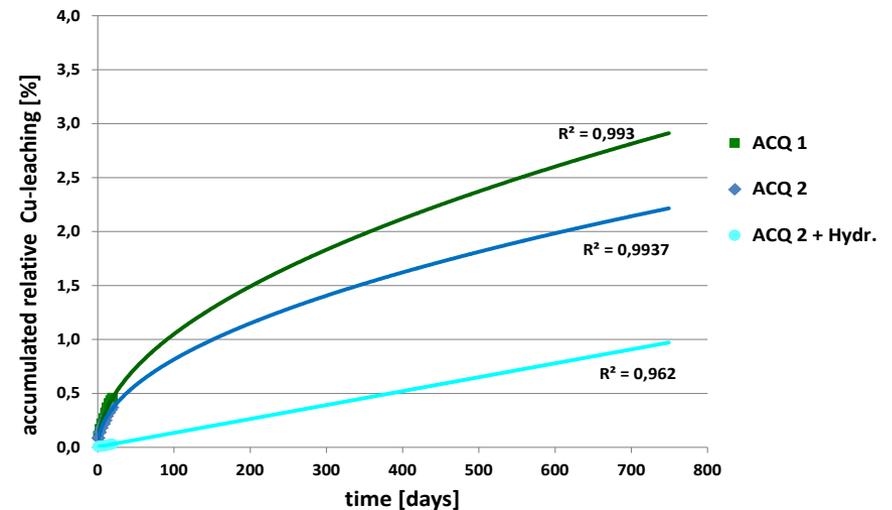


# Accumulated copper leaching (%)

## Field-test

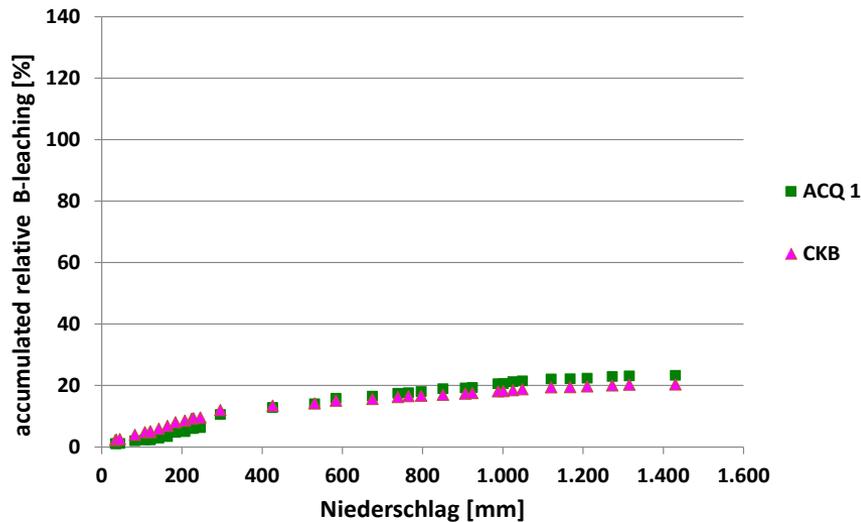


## Laboratory-test

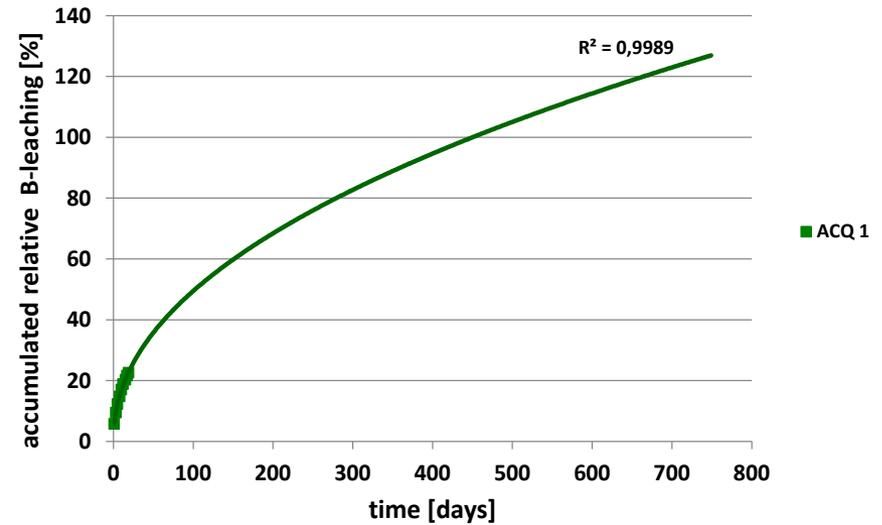


# Field-test – accumulated boron leaching (%)

## Field-test



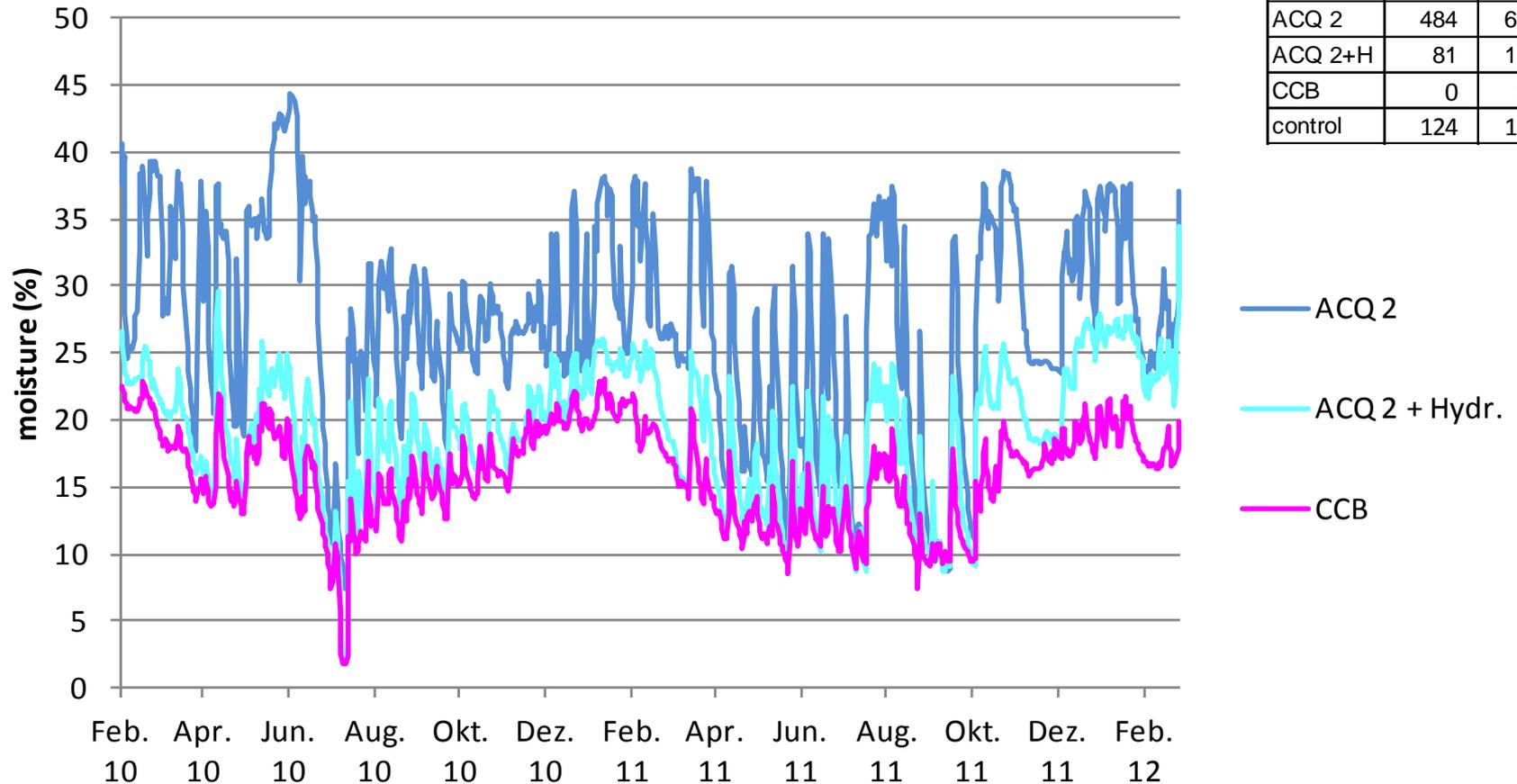
## Laboratory-test



# Wood moisture in scantlings

## ACQ 2 / ACQ 2 + Hydr. / CCB

### scantlings



# Summary (1)

Semi-field test (2 years outdoor exposure):

- Chemical analysis of collected leachates revealed a loss of
  - 3,8 % copper and 23,3 % boron in ACQ 1 treated samples
  - 2,9 % copper in ACQ 2 treated samples
  - 0,8 % copper in samples treated with ACQ 2 + hydrophobic finish
  - 1,1% copper and 20,3 % boron in CCB treated samples

## Summary (2)

OECD laboratory test (9 days of „rain events“):

- Chemical analyses of leachates revealed a loss of
  - 0,45 % copper and 23 % boron in ACQ 1 treated samples
  - 0,4 % copper in ACQ 2 treated samples
  - < 0,1 % copper in samples treated with ACQ 2 + hydrophobic finish
  
- Prediction from laboratory test:
  - slightly lower copper-leaching than in semi-field test
  - considerably higher boron-leaching than in semi-field test

## Summary (3)

- Study confirms that wood treated with CCB type products show lower wood moisture content compared to untreated wood or wood treated with ACQ
- Positive effect of hydrophobic finish:
  - ~75 % reduction of copper loss within 2 years of outdoor exposure
  - reduced wood moisture content



**Mag.<sup>a</sup> Notburga Pfabigan**

n.pfabigan@holzforschung.at

Tel. +43/1/798 26 23-23

**www.holzforschung.at**