

COST EFFECTIVENESS OF PASSIVE WINDOW MADE OF THERMALLY MODIFIED SPRUCE (*PICEA ABIES*)

Aleš Ugovšek

Barbara Šubic

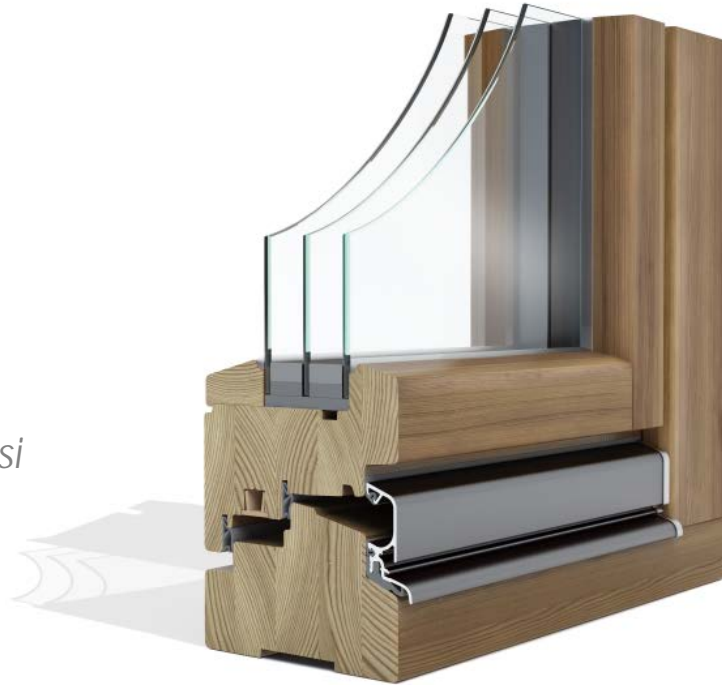
M SORA d.d.

Trg svobode 2

4226 Žiri

Slovenia

ales.ugovsek@m-sora.si



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Kranjska Gora, Slovenia, 23-24 October 2014

Thermal conductivity (λ)

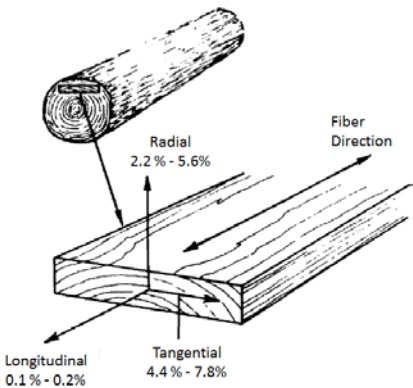


$\lambda_{larch} = 0,13 \text{ W/mK}$
 $\lambda_{meranti} = 0,15 \text{ W/mK}$
 $\lambda_{oak} = 0,18 \text{ W/mK}$

$\lambda_{glass} = 1,0 \text{ W/mK}$
 $\lambda_{Al} = 160 \text{ W/mK}$
 $\lambda_{PU \text{ foam}} = 0,04 \text{ W/mK}$

$\lambda = 0,09 \text{ W/mK}$

$\lambda = 0,11 \text{ W/mK}$

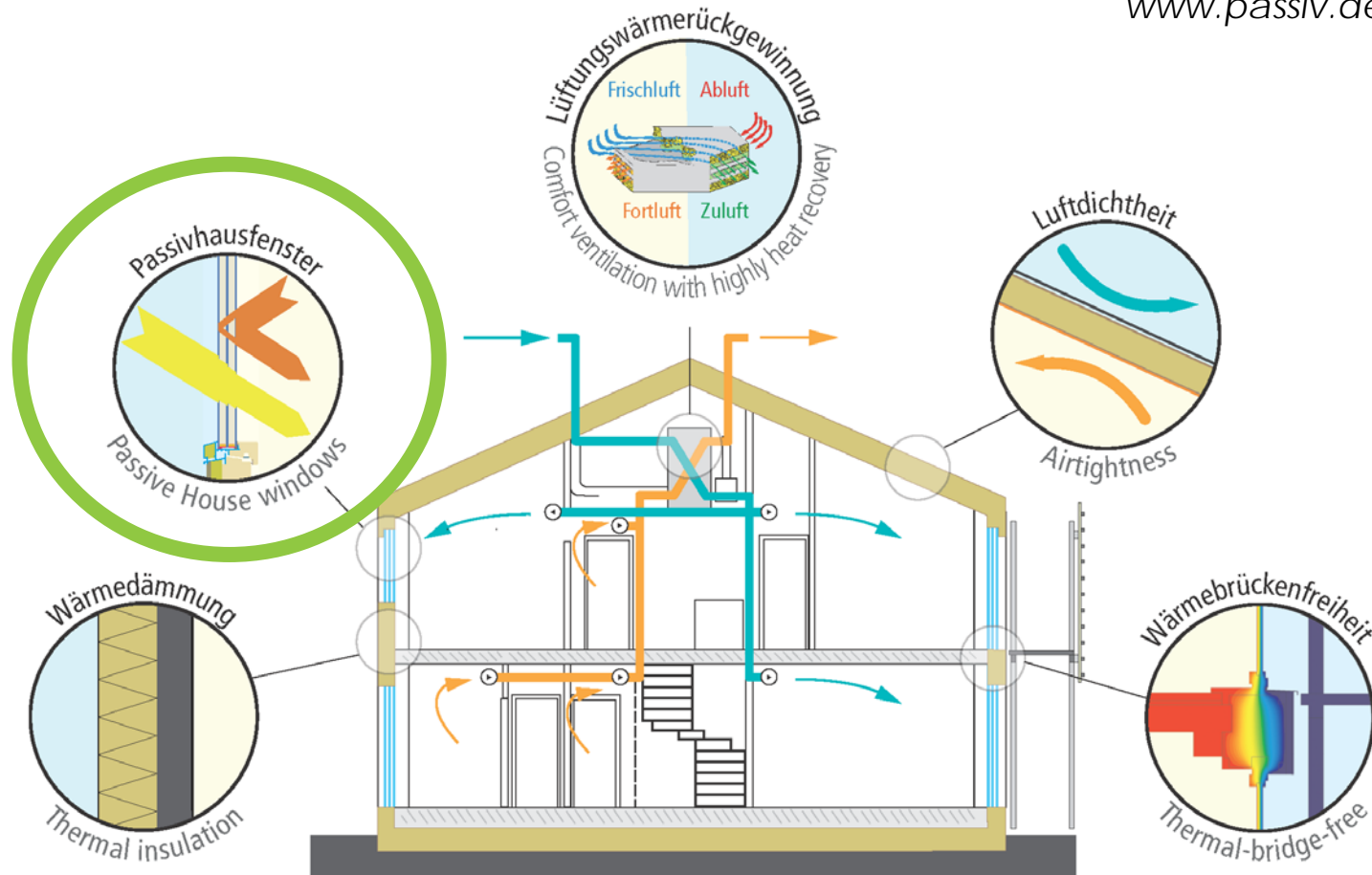


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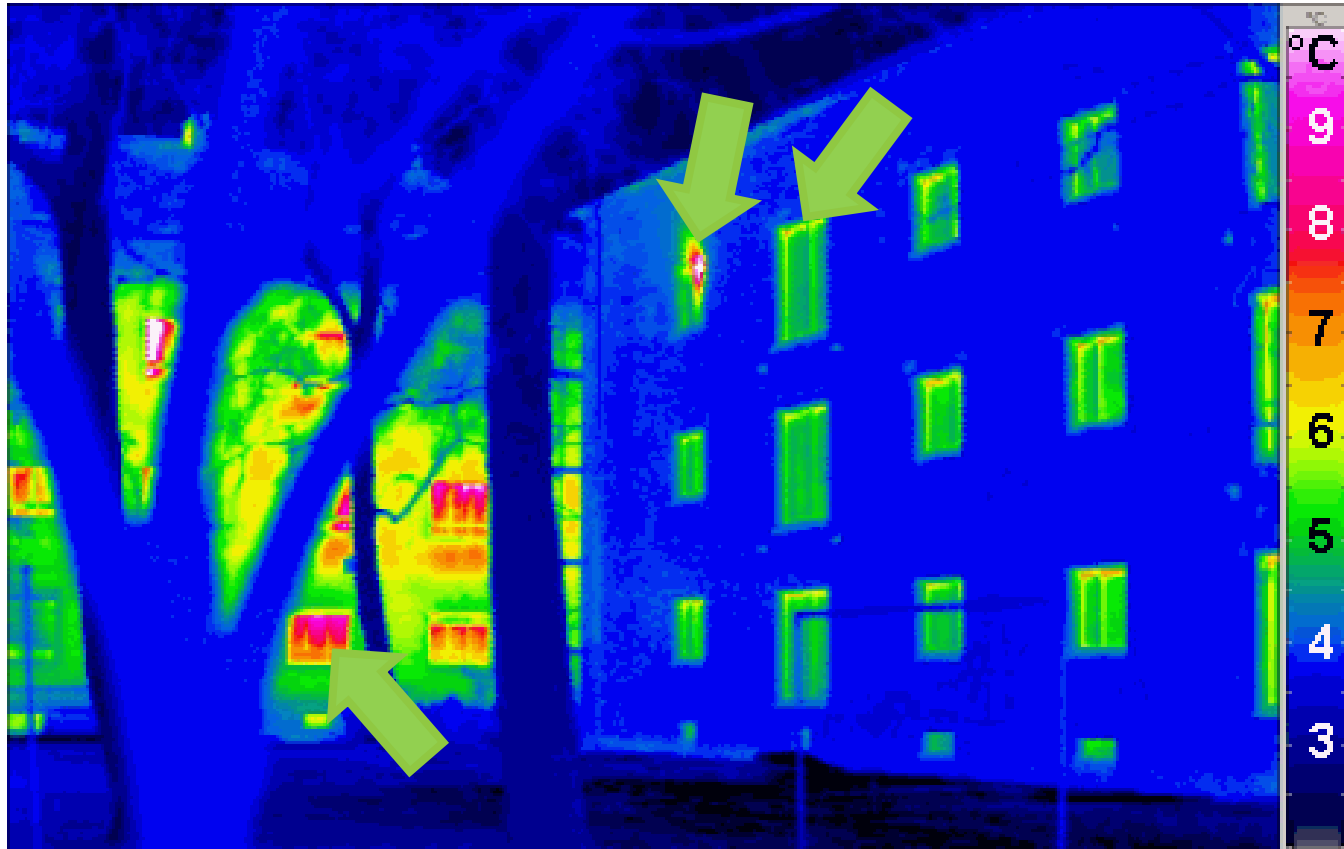
Okno je več kot pogled

PASSIVE BUILDING

www.passiv.de



PASSIVE BUILDING



http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Passive_house

PASSIVE WINDOW?

U_f – thermal transmittance of frame

U_g – thermal transmittance of glazing

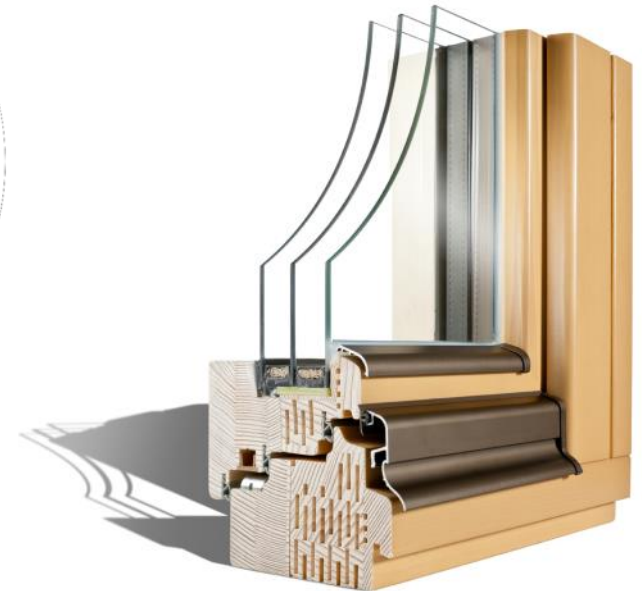
Ψ_g – linear thermal transmittance

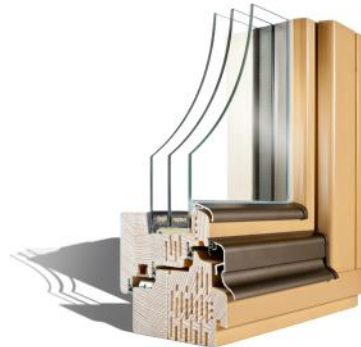
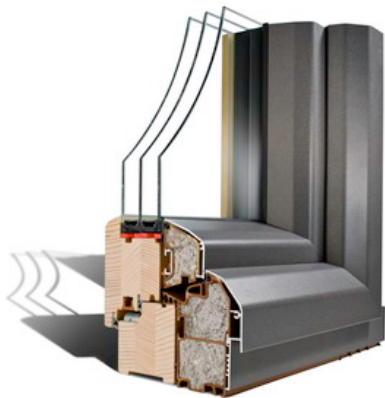
U_w – thermal transmittance of window

$$U_w = \frac{U_g \cdot A_g + U_f \cdot A_f + \Psi_g \cdot l}{A_w}$$



PASSIVE WINDOW?

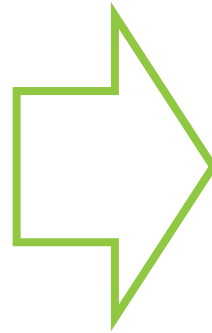
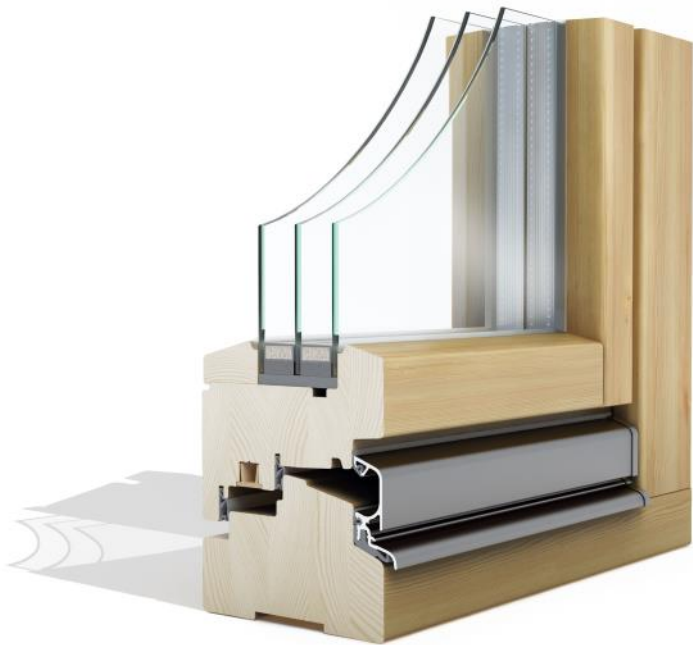




M SORA
Okno je več kot pogled



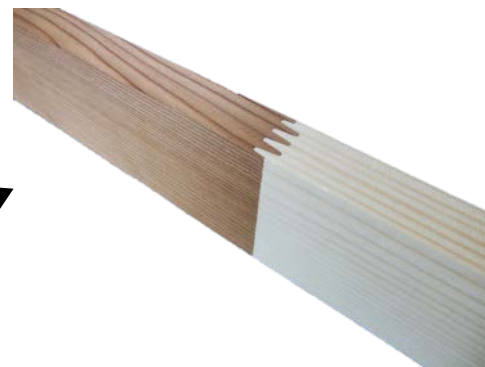
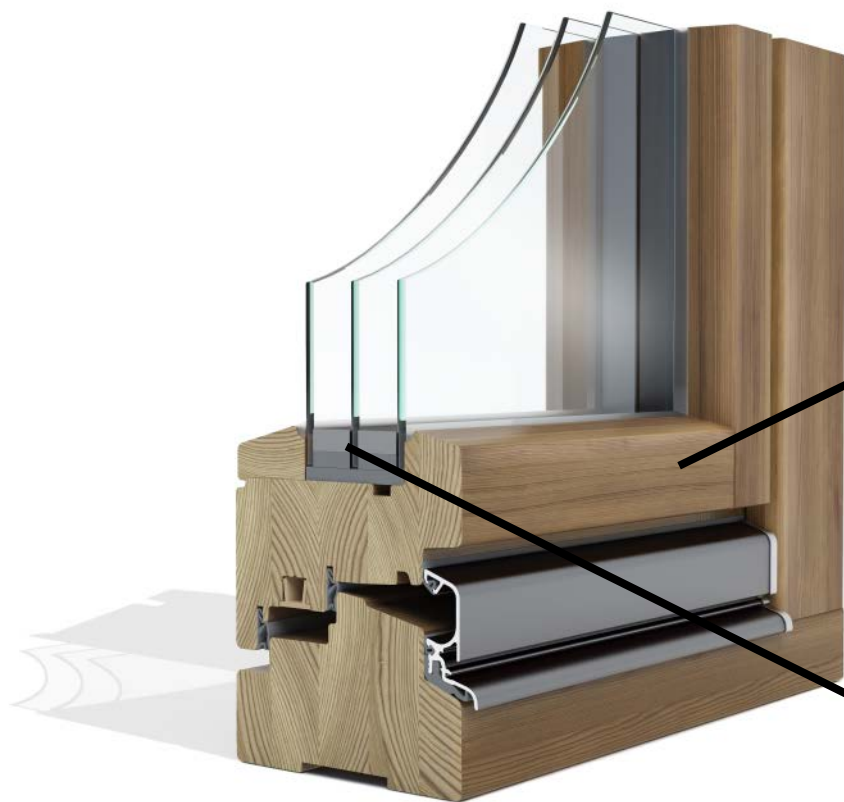
MATERIAL & METHODS



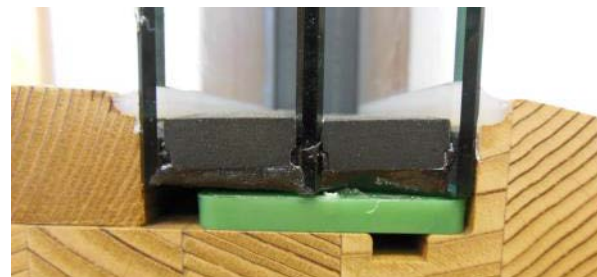
„Non – passive“

Passive

Wood:
Thermally modified spruce (*Picea abies*)



Spacer:
Super spacer



PHPP calculation

Passive
House
Planning
Package



Passivhaus Nachweis



Objekt:	Einfamilienhaus Langensendelbach - Bräuningshof		
Straße:			
PLZ/Ort:			
Land:			
Objekt-Typ:			
Klima:	Frankfurt/Main	Höhe Gebäudestandort (m ü. NN):	-
Bauherrschaft:			
Straße:			
PLZ/Ort:			
Architektur:	Architekturbüro bucher + hüttinger		
Straße:	Gleiwitzer Str. 22		
PLZ/Ort:	91074 Herzogenaurach		
Hautechnik:	Ingenieurbüro Sabaczuk		
Straße:	Flözweg 14a		
PLZ/Ort:	08056 Zwickau		
Baujahr:	2008	Innentemperatur Winter:	20,0 °C
Zahl WE:	1	Innentemperatur Sommer:	25,0 °C
Personenzahl:	6,0	Interne Wärmequellen Winter:	2,1 W/m ²
spez. Kapazität:	60 Wh/K pro m ² WFL	dito Sommer:	2,9 W/m ²
		Umbautes Vol. V _B m ³ :	713,1
		Mechanische Kühlung:	

Gebäudekennwerte mit Bezug auf Energiebezugsfläche und Jahr			
	Energiebezugsfläche		Anforderungen
	155,3 m ²		
Heizen	Heizwärmebedarf	15 kWh/(m ² a)	15 kWh/(m ² a) ja
	Heizlast	10 W/m ²	10 W/m ² ja
	Übertemperaturhäufigkeit (> 25 °C)	5,8 %	-
Primärenergie	Heizen, Kühlen, Entfeuchten, WW, Hilfsstrom, Licht, elektr. Geräte	73 kWh/(m ² a)	120 kWh/(m ² a) ja
	WW, Heizung und Hilfsstrom	22 kWh/(m ² a)	-
	PE-Einsparung durch solar erzeugten Strom	kWh/(m ² a)	-
Luftdichtheit	Drucktest-Luftwechsel n ₅₀	0,2 1/h	0,6 1/h ja

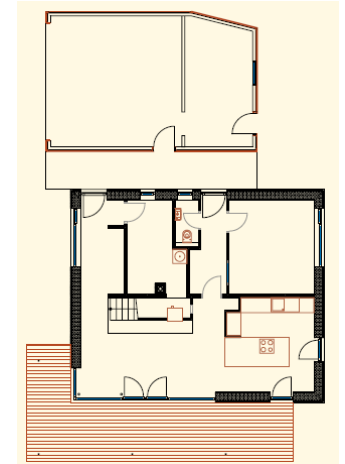
* leeres Feld: Daten fehlen; '-': keine Anforderung

Reference building

Area: 155 m²

Passive standard – 15 kWh/(m²a)

Clima: Frankfurt (Germany)



POSITION	WINDOW TYPE	WINDTH	HEIGHT	ORIENTATION	AREA
1	single casement window	65	65	N	0,42
1a	single casement window	65	65	N	0,42
2	single casement window	65	110	E	0,72
2a	fixed window	185	110	E	2,04
3	single casement balcony doors	100	234,5	E	2,35
3a	single casement balcony doors	100	234,5	S	2,35
4a	fixed window	197	234,5	S	4,62
4b	double casement balcony doors	100	234,5	S	2,35
4c	double casement balcony doors	100	234,5	S	2,35
4d	fixed window	205,5	234,5	S	4,82
4e	fixed window	133,5	234,5	W	3,13
5	single casement window	65	110	W	0,72
5a	fixed window	185	110	W	2,04
6	single casement window	100	100	N	1,00
7	single casement balcony doors	100	234,5	E	2,35
8	single casement balcony doors	70	234,5	E	1,64
9a	single casement window	100	110	S	1,10
9b	fixed window	150	110	S	1,65
9c	fixed window	150	110	S	1,65
9d	single casement window	100	110	S	1,10
10	single casement balcony doors	70	234,5	W	1,64
11	single casement balcony doors	100	234,5	W	2,35
12	single casement (reference) window	123	148	/	1,82

Windows area:

42,77 m²

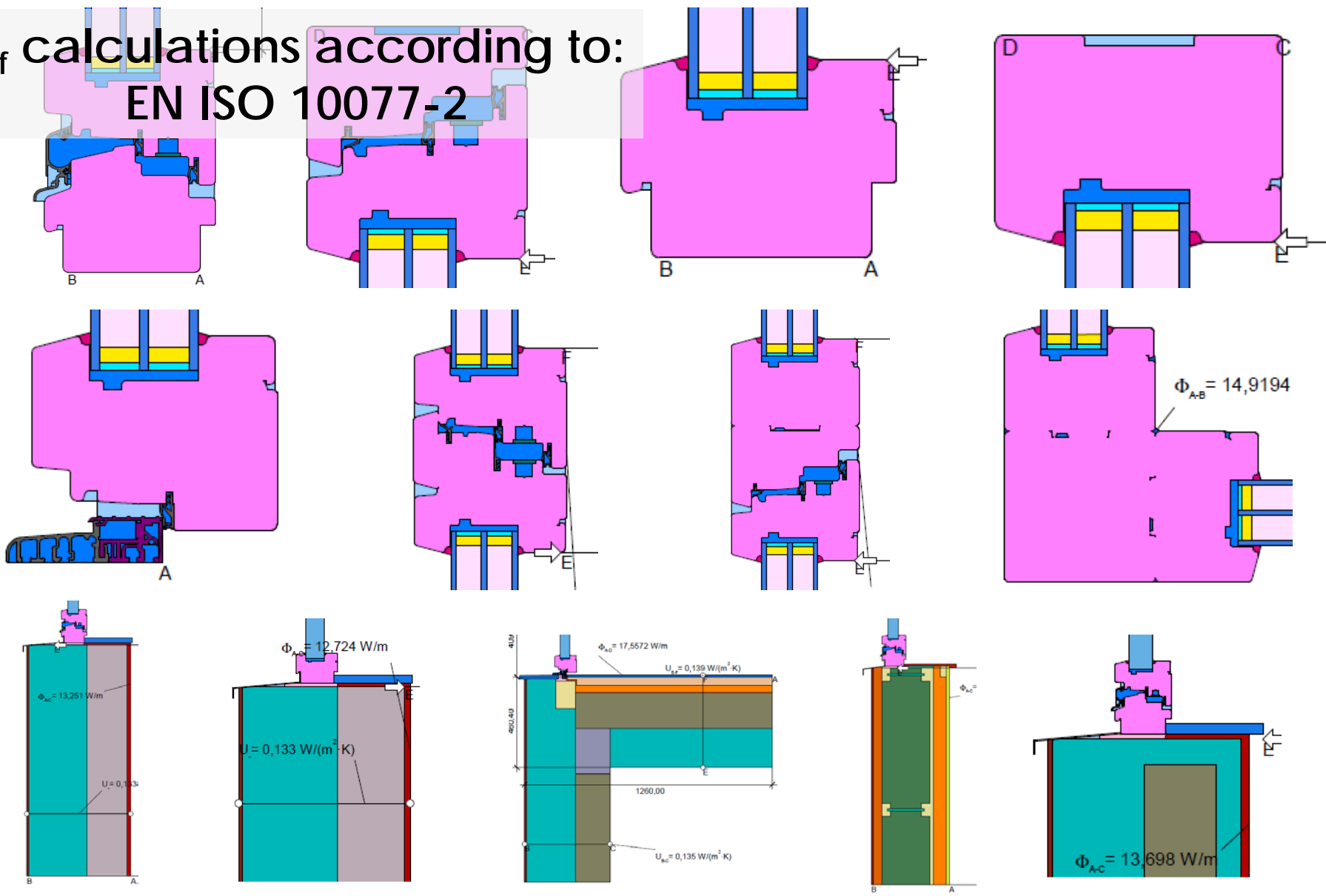
N: 1,85 m² (4,3 %)

E: 9,08 m² (21,2 %)

S: 21,97 m² (51,4 %)

W: 9,87 m² (23,1 %)

U_f calculations according to: EN ISO 10077-2



COMPARISON

- Reference timber window

$$U_f = 1,2 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}$$

$$U_{f,sp} = 1,3 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}$$

$$U_g = 1,2 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K} \text{ (g = 60 \%)}$$

$$\Psi = 0,035 \text{ W/mK}$$

$$\Psi_{vgr.} = 0,06 \text{ W/mK}$$

$$\underline{U_w = 1,3 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}}$$



- Passive window Natura Optimo XLT

$$U_f = 0,78 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}$$

$$U_{f,sp} = 0,87 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}$$

$$U_g = 0,6 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K} \text{ (g = 62 \%)}$$

$$\Psi = 0,023 \text{ W/mK}$$

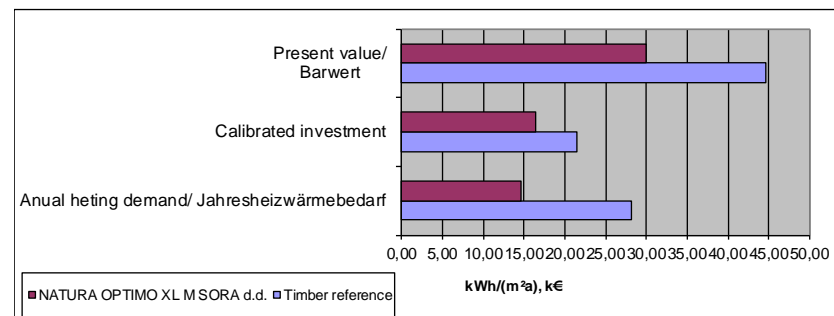
$$\Psi_{vgr.} = 0,018 \text{ W/mK}$$

$$\underline{U_w = 0,72 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}}$$



Section/ Schnitt	U_f [W/(m²K)]	b_f [m]	Ψ_g [W/(mK)]	Ψ_{instal}^2 [W/(mK)]
Bottom TT/ Unten DK	0,87	0,143	0,023	0,018
Bottom fixed/ Unten fest	0,83	0,079	0,023	0,017
Bottom, terrace door/ Unten, Terrassentür	1,41	0,101	0,024	0,099
Side, top TT/ Seitlich, oben DK	0,78	0,116	0,023	-0,004
Side, top fixed/ Seitlich, oben fest	0,78	0,079	0,023	-0,003
Section/ Schnitt 2-2a	0,77	0,191	0,023	
Section/ Schnitt 4a-4b	0,77	0,191	0,023	
Section/ Schnitt 4b-4c	0,80	0,148	0,023	
Section/ Schnitt 4c-4d	0,77	0,191	0,023	
Section/ Schnitt 4d-4e	0,41	0,370	0,023	
Section/ Schnitt 5-5a	0,77	0,191	0,023	
Section/ Schnitt 9a-9b	0,77	0,191	0,023	
Section/ Schnitt 9b-9c	0,77	0,154	0,023	
Section/ Schnitt 9c-9d	0,77	0,191	0,023	

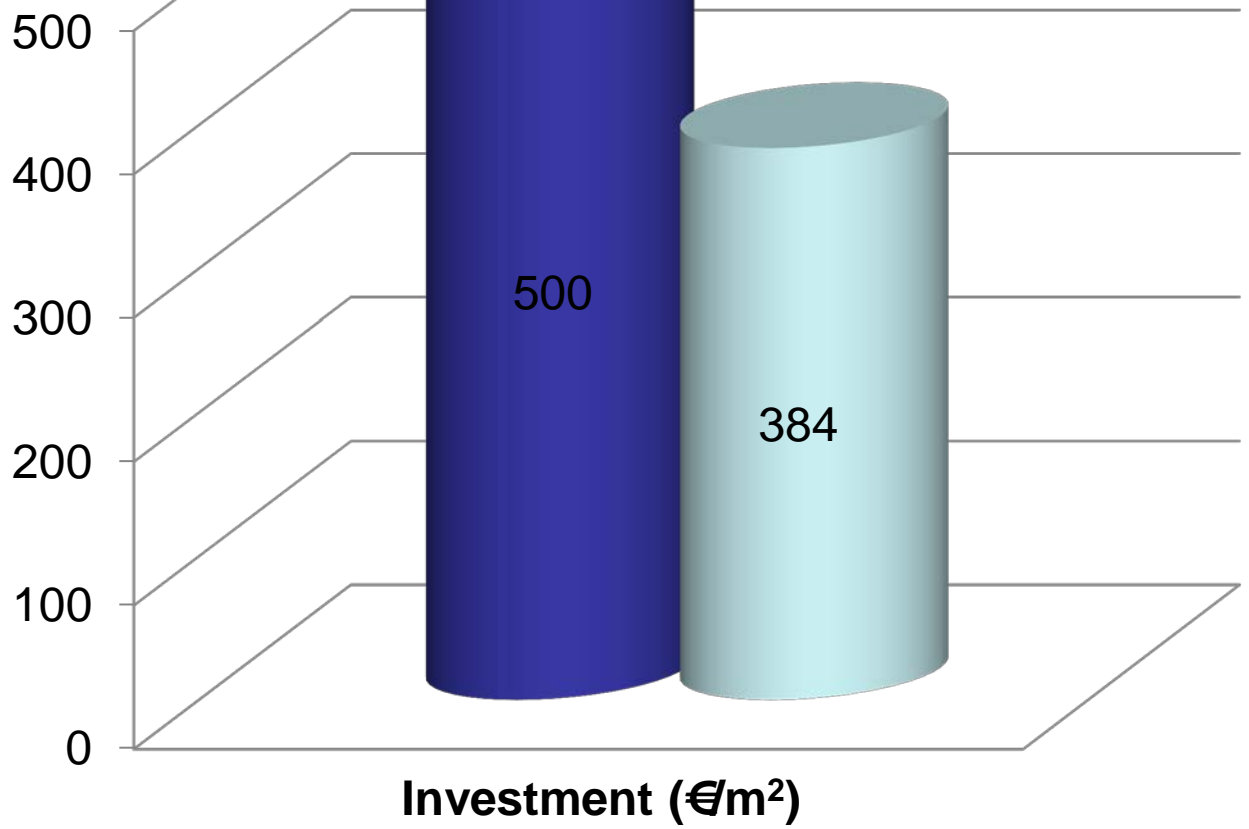
Is the building a Passive House?/ Ist das Gebäude ein Passivhaus?	Annual heating demand/ Jahresheizwärmebedarf	Transmission losses/ Transmissionsverluste	Solar gains/ Solare Gewinne	Calibrated investment	Present value/ Barwert
yes / ja	[kWh/(m²a)]	[kWh/a]	[kWh/a]	[€]	[€]
Timber reference	28,2	4757	2918	21384	44595
NATURA OPTIMO XL M SORA d.	14,7	2489	3124	16417	29907



Savings/ Einsparung [€] 14688

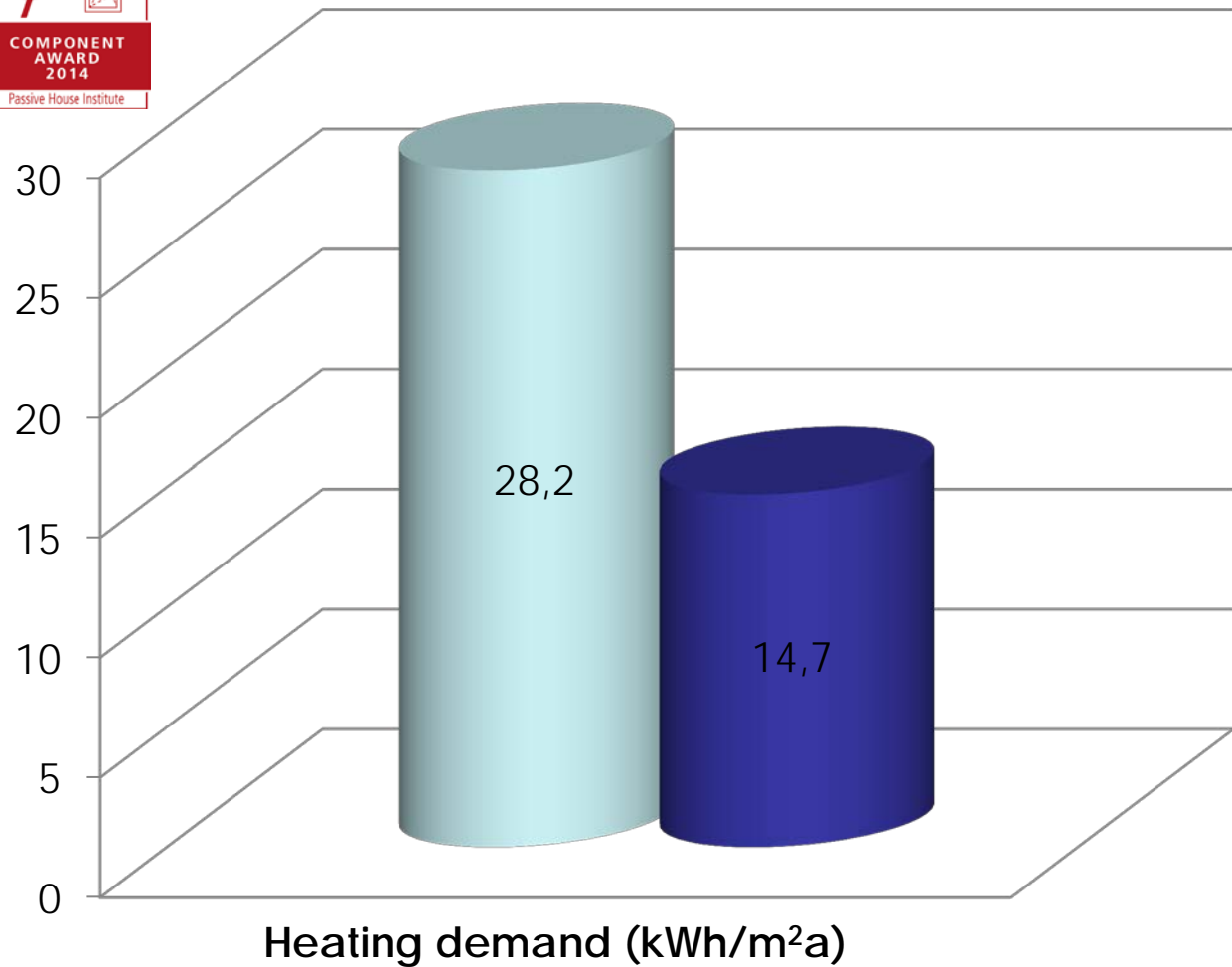


RESULTS



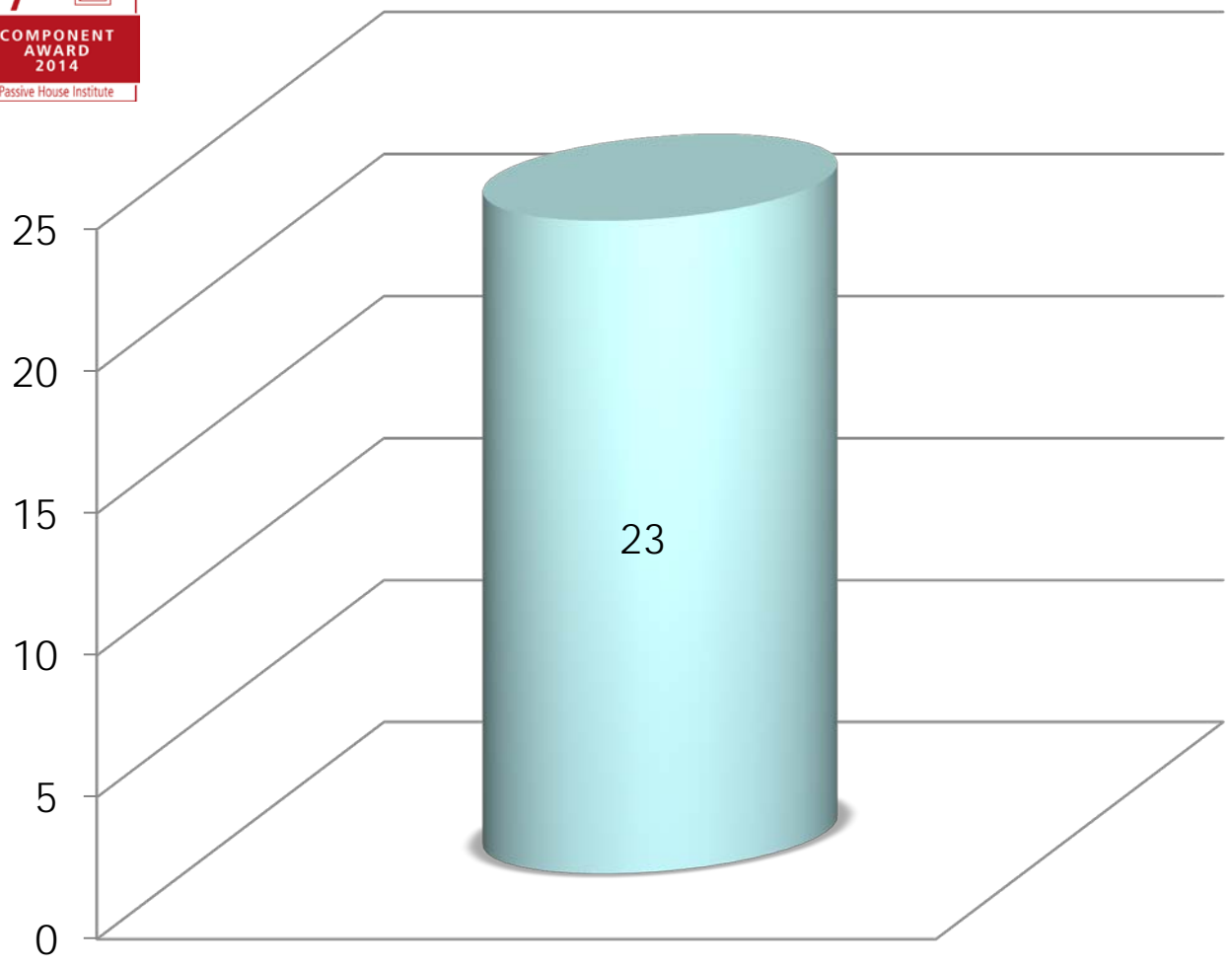
■ Reference timber window ■ Natura Optimo XLT



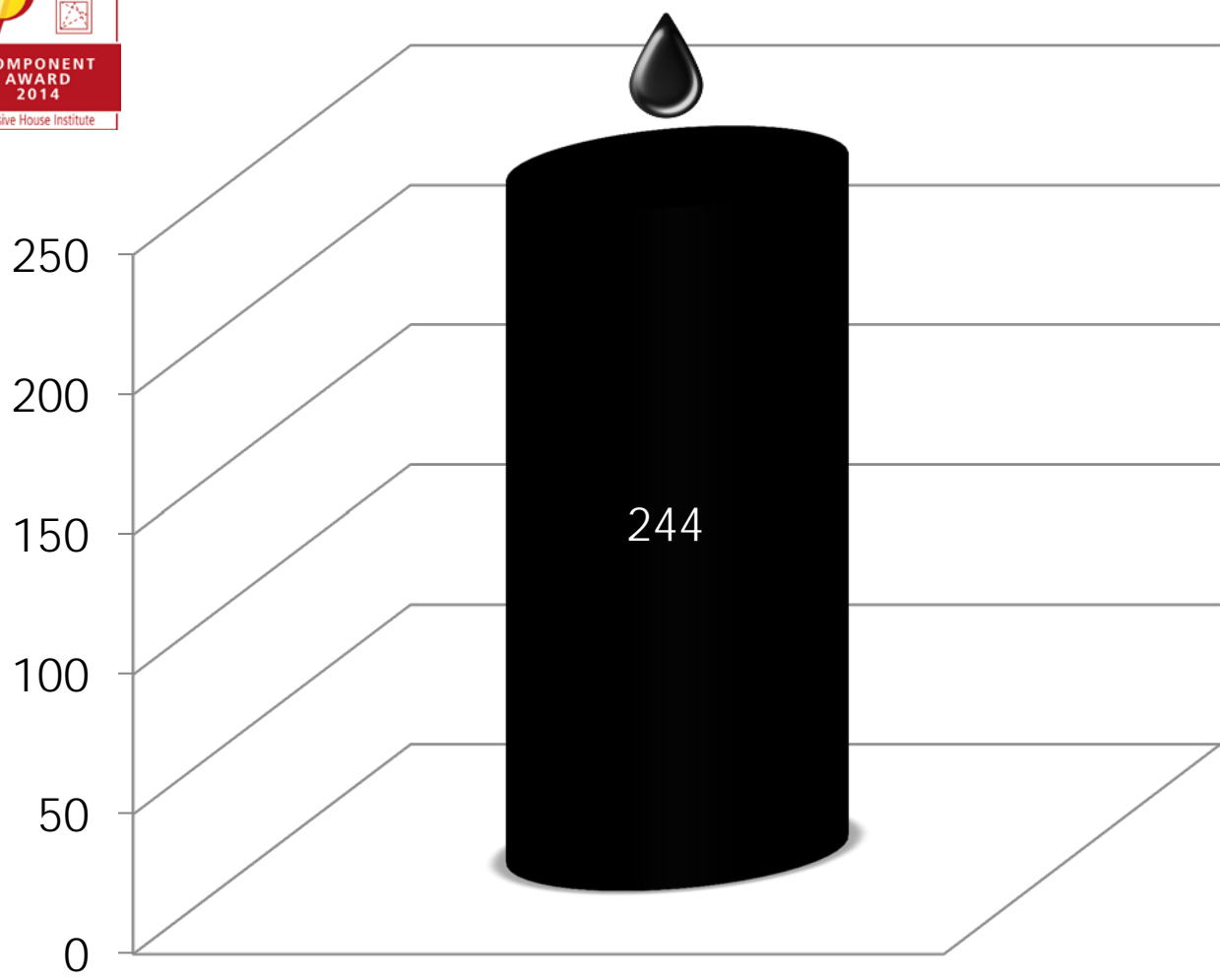


■ Reference timber window ■ Natura Optimo XLT





■ LCC savings compared to reference window (%)



■ Oil savings (l/year)



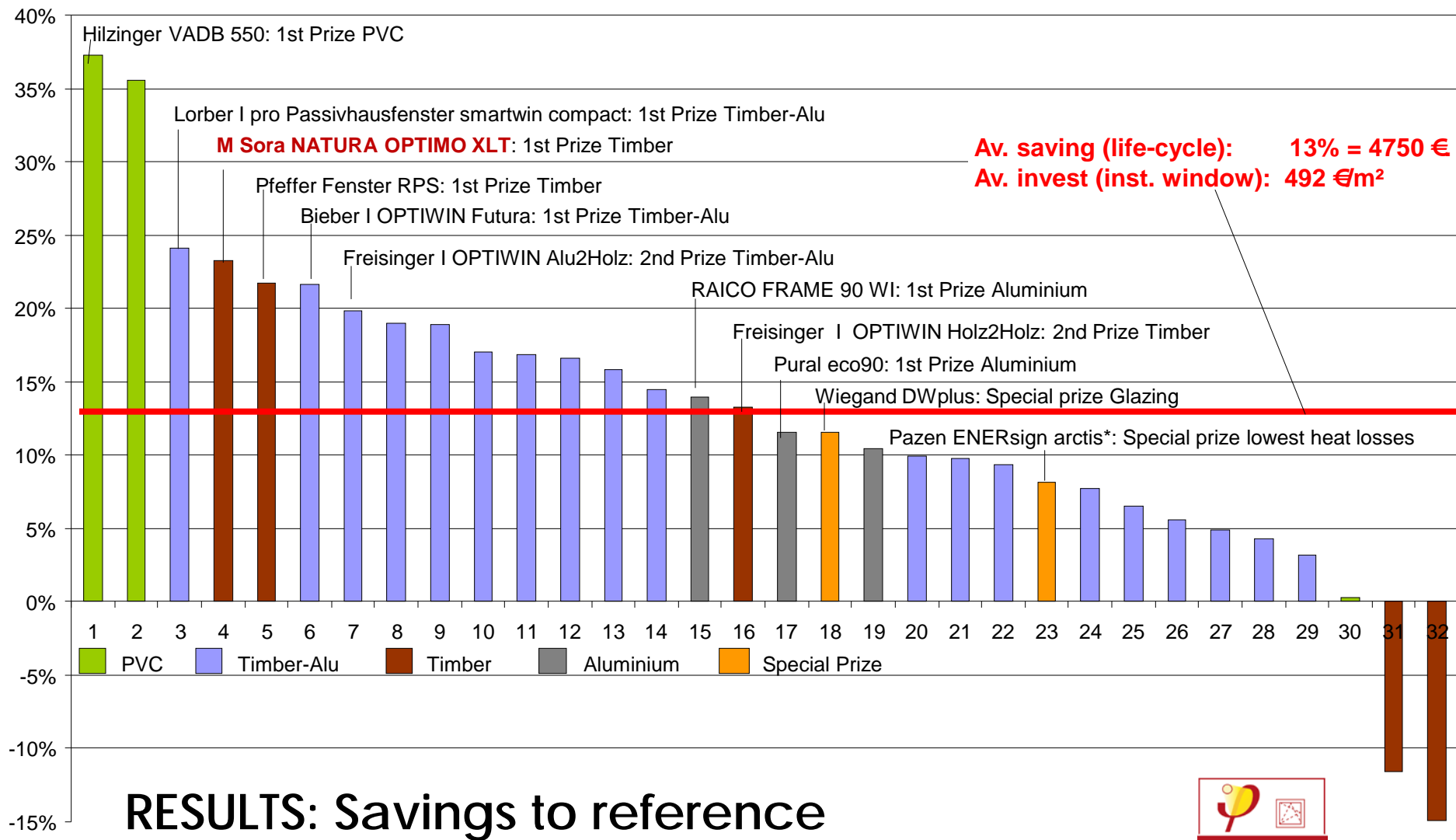
Savings in life-time of 40 years

14.688 €

(*calibrated investment 16.417 €)



** factor 1,226 according to Slovenia/Germany economy situation*



RESULTS: Savings to reference



TAKE HOME MESSAGES

- Thermally modified spruce is due to cca. 20 % **better thermal insulation** appropriate material for passive windows
- **Simple solutions** result in cost-effectiveness
- **LCA** is of importance for more appropriate comparison of timber to PVC windows

ThintKo Shukriya Buznyg TapadhLeat Kőszőnőm Murakoze aDank Grazzi Nouari Grazie
 Blagodaram WaadMahadsantahay Takk Enkosi Bedankt Zikomo Dhanayavaad BarakAllahufik Mesi Chokrane Kiitos
 Matondo AsanteSana Waita Rahmat TapadhLeitava Ngiyabonga M-Sapo Dhanayavaad Trugarez Aabhar Xiexie Dziakuju Maururu
 Mercę Welalin TangioTumas Mammun Tanan Dhanayavaad Subiya Dhanayavaad Barkal KurruSumanga GratiasAgimus
 Taiku Barka Terimakasih anikie Tanemirt Vinaka Tenki Gracias KhabChaiDeu Chhorakaloutoun Mochchakkeram
 Dakujem Nizik ajr Aguyje Grandmercé Dhanayavadah Sulpay Eshenikakor Dankewei Spas Wado Asante Spacibo Ankie Danke
 Dhanyavadagalu NijisTuke Hvala Arigato KamSahHamnida CamOn Gracie Chhorakaloutoun TananVaga Aciū Dankie Motashakkeram
 Gracies Blagodaria Nandri Merki Akin Obrigrado Bayarlalaa Saha Multumesc CamOn Gracie KopKhunKha
 Faleminderit Efaristo NajisTuke Niringrazzjak Saha Miigwelch Saha Marahaba Diky Takkyiri Saha